MIAMI VALLEY
Regional Planning Commission

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for meeting information

MVRPC Regional Transportation Planning Organization Steering Committee (RTPOSC) Meeting

LOCATION: Darke Rural Electric Facility, 1120 Fort Jefferson Avenue, Greenville, OH 45331
DATE/TIME: Wednesday, November 18, 2026 at 2:00 p.m.

Agenda

	Item	Topic	Pg	Est. Time	Presenter
	I.	**Call to Order and Introductions**		2:00	Aaron Flatter
*	II.	**Approval of August 19, 2026 Meeting Minutes**	1	2:05	Aaron Flatter
	III.	**Public Comment Period on Action Items**		2:10	Aaron Flatter
	IV.	**RPC (REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION) ACTION ITEMS**			
*		A. **Resolution 26-32**: Amending the Areawide Water Quality Management Plan to Update the Greenville FPA and FPA Policies	4	2:15	Matt Lindsay & Rebecca Carr
	V.	**INFORMATION ITEMS**			
*		A. SFY 2026-SFY 2029 Regional Transportation Improvement Program Summary of Updates No. 5	61	2:35	Hannah Wilson
		B. Study Update for Greenville to Verona Trail Extension		2:45	Robb Clifford
	VI.	**OPEN MEMBER DISCUSSION**		3:00	All
*	VII.	**EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REPORT**	70	3:05	Brian O. Martin
	VIII.	**ADJOURNMENT**		3:15	Aaron Flatter

** Attachment/ All Information is available on the MVRPC Meeting Center*
Interpreters for hearing-impaired individuals are available upon request; requests should be made at least one week ahead.

NEXT MEETING: Wednesday, February 17, 2026 at 2:00 p.m.
Meeting Venue: Shelby County Agriculture Center, 820 Fair Road, Sidney, OH 45365

mvrpc.org/rtpo-steering-committee

MIAMI VALLEY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION
REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ORGANIZATION STEERING COMMITTEE
MINUTES

Dayton Realtors
1515 S. Main Street, Dayton, OH 45409

August 19, 2026
2:00 PM

Members/ Alternates
Joseph Ferriell, City of Eaton
Aaron Flatter, Darke County Commissioner
Mack Knupp, Shelby County Commissioner
Scott Schmid, ODOT District 7
Jeff Sewert, Village of Lewisburg
Blake Simpson, ODOT District 7

Staff
Michele Allen
Serena Anderson
Matt Lindsay
Brian O. Martin
Ana Ramirez
Hannah Wilson

The Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission Regional Transportation Planning Organization Steering Committee met on August 19, 2026 at 2:00 p.m. at the Dayton Realtors Office located at 1515 S. Main Street, Dayton OH, 45410. All members and news media were notified of the meeting pursuant to the Sunshine Law.

I. INTRODUCTION

Chairperson Aaron Flatter called the meeting to order at 2:00 p.m. Self-introductions were made.

II. APPROVAL OF FEBRUARY 18, 2026 MEETING MINUTES

Mr. Knupp made a motion to approve the meeting minutes and Mr. Ferriell seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

III. PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD ON ACTION ITEMS

None

IV. RTPO (REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ORGANIZATION) ACTION ITEMS

A. Resolution 26-21: Approving the Recommended SFY2026-A Regional Surface Transportation Program Project

Ms. Ana Ramirez presented information on a Regional Surface Transportation Program (RSTP) project proposed for funding with MVRPC's regionally controlled funds due to some funds becoming available due to projects coming in under budget. She noted that an email was sent out in April soliciting for more projects. One application was received and it was sponsored by the Darke County Engineer's Office and Darke County Park District to resurface a second phase of the Tecumseh Trail system and improve roadway bike signage. Ms. Ramirez stated the proposed project would be funded by RSTP funds in SFY 2029 if approved. She stopped for questions, and hearing none, stated that upon Board approval the project sponsor would be notified and then be asked to meet with MVRPC and ODOT District Office staff to determine a detailed project scope and an anticipated project development schedule. Mr. Knupp made a motion to recommend forwarding to the Board of Directors for approval. Mr. Ferriell seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

V. INFORMATION ITEMS

A. SFY 2026-SFY 2029 Regional Transportation Improvement Program Summary Updates No. 4

Ms. Hannah Wilson presented information on the Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP). She explained that over the last few months ODOT and some local sponsors have made modifications to the programming documents for various projects. Ms. Wilson then reviewed key project details for all local jurisdiction projects organized by project type and county. She noted that all projects were included in the information packet but that projects that exclusively had funding changes were omitted from the verbal overview to save time. The floor was opened for any questions; hearing none, Ms. Wilson then noted that the RTIP will be discussed at each RTPO Steering Committee to present any project changes.

B. Facility Planning Area Policy Update

Mr. Matt Lindsay presented information on a current working group that is drafting recommended Facility Planning Area (FPA) policy updates. He defined an FPA as the area within which the Designated Management Agency is responsible for the planning, financing, construction, maintenance, and operation of wastewater collection and treatment systems. He briefly explained why FPA policies were created as one of the results of the Clean Water Act (CWA). In 1972 MVRPC was designated as the Areawide Water Quality Planning Agency for the Miami Valley. He noted that the CWA also created the construction grants program that made funds available for wastewater treatment facilities as long as the jurisdiction had established an FPA plan on how that facility would operate and be incorporated into Regional FPA plans.

Mr. Lindsay then clarified that the working group is reviewing the current regional FPA policy which was last updated in 2005. He explained the policy document governs how MVRPC's Board reviews and approves changes to any particular community's FPA. The policy defines what a primary designated management agency, what a satellite DMA is and how those two are related and more on the FPA and the processes that must be gone through in order to update a DMA or map for the FPA. He emphasized that changes to the FPAs must be approved by the Board of Directors and local jurisdictions that might be affected by FPA changes. Mr. Lindsay emphasized conflicts with FPA changes need to be ironed out before coming before the MVRPC Board. Mr. Lindsay noted that public participation and comment periods would happen in the fall and that after those efforts, he would be back at a future meeting to give an update on what the FPA working group would do based on everyone's feedback. Mr. Lindsay then opened the floor for comments and questions

STIP Development Rural Consultation Presentation, Comments, and Discussion

Mr. Schmid explained that rural consultation is done through MVRPC as part of their RTPO duties and exists for collecting and incorporating rural community feedback into the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). He then defined the STIP as a 4-year program of projects listing all transportation projects planned and funded with state or federal funds as well as locally funded projects that have a regional impact (but that is a rare scenario). Mr. Schmid then noted the STIP is updated on a 2-year cycle and the current STIP update process is at the input stage and ODOT is collecting feedback from MPOs, RTPOs, and rural communities on the projects in their respective regions. He stated the MPO TIP draft will be finished around January, and the finalized updated RTIP will be submitted to ODOT and then appropriate Federal agencies for final approval in May. Mr. Schmid then emphasized this meeting was the time for any rural members at the meeting to talk with MVRPC and ODOT representatives about projects, ask questions, and provide comments. He then provided contact information where people could reach out if they had questions after the meeting.

Ms. Ramirez then stated for members to take every meeting going forward as an opportunity to ask any questions they have about the RTIP process and that MVRPC and ODOT would be happy to help clarify projects or the process.

Mr. Schmid then described how to access the ODOT Funding Guide on the ODOT website and noted it is easiest to search using the search bar as the website has recently been redesigned.

Ms. Ramirez and Ms. Wilson then ensured all attendees had a copy of the current draft RTIP projects and map.

VI. OPEN MEMBER DISCUSSION

Chairperson Flatter invited member discussion—no one had a topic that needed to be discussed.

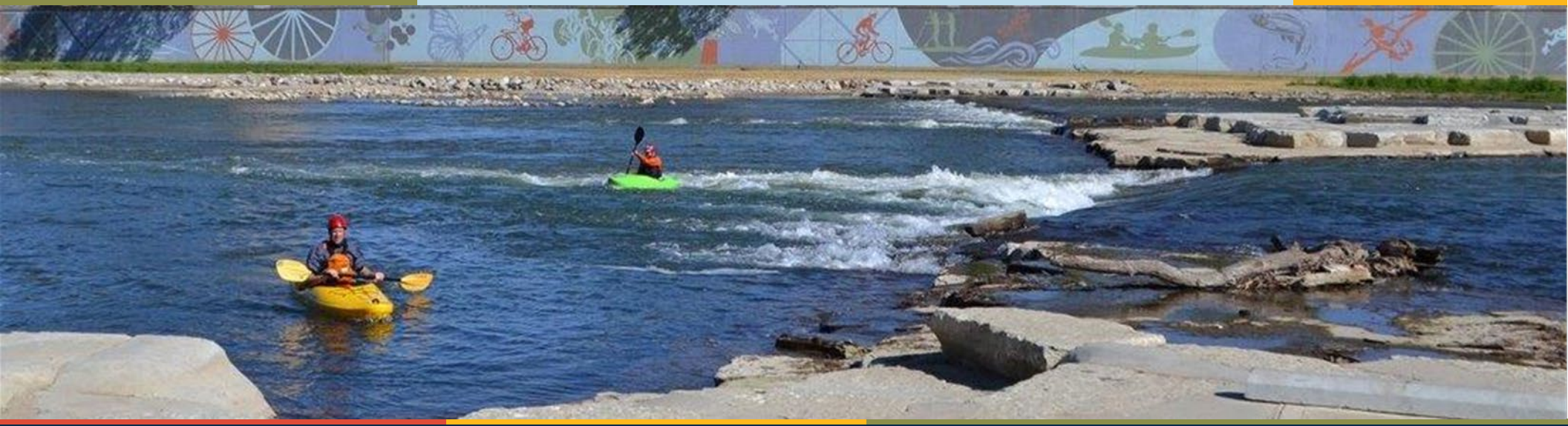
VII. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REPORT

Mr. Martin reviewed the August ED update and gave some reminders for future events:

- Mentioned there have been some staffing updates at MVRPC, including new administrative assistant Michele Allen and the retirement of Mike Lucas
    - Mentioned MVRPC intends to do some more hiring around the end of the year
- Mentioned a Plan4Health Update would likely come up at the next meeting
- Pointed out various data links are included in the executive director report that people are welcome to take a look at
- Emphasized the grants and resources page that jurisdictions can use to find additional funding opportunities
- Pointed out a grant from the Advanced Energy Fund
- Noted the Ohio Freight Conference will be August 24-26, 2026

IX. ADJOURNMENT

Chairperson Flatter made a motion to adjourn the meeting at approximately 2:43 p.m. with a motion from Mr. Knupp and a second from Mr. Ferriell. The motion passed unanimously.



Regional Environment & Economic Development



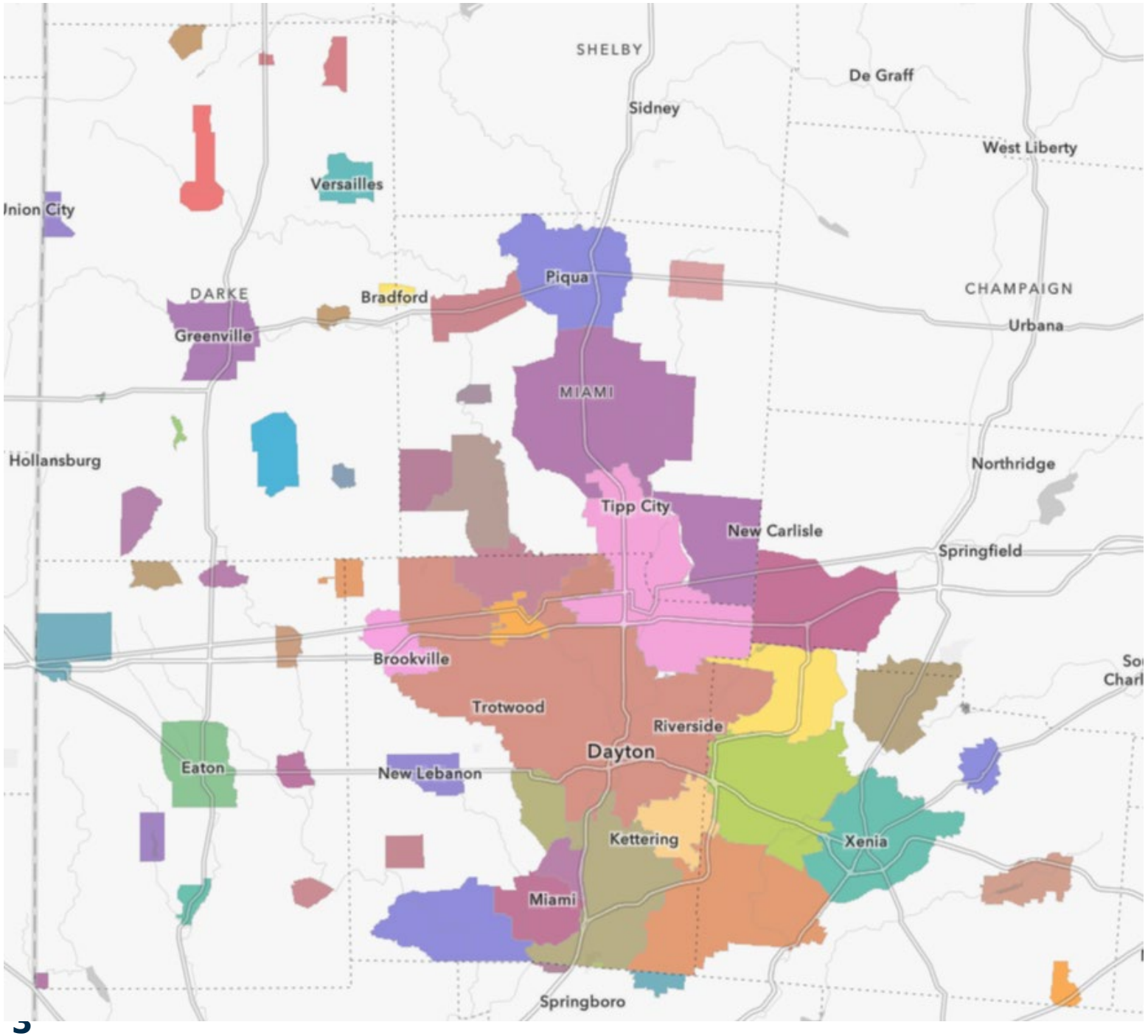
Greenville FPA Amendment

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FPA Basics

Big Picture

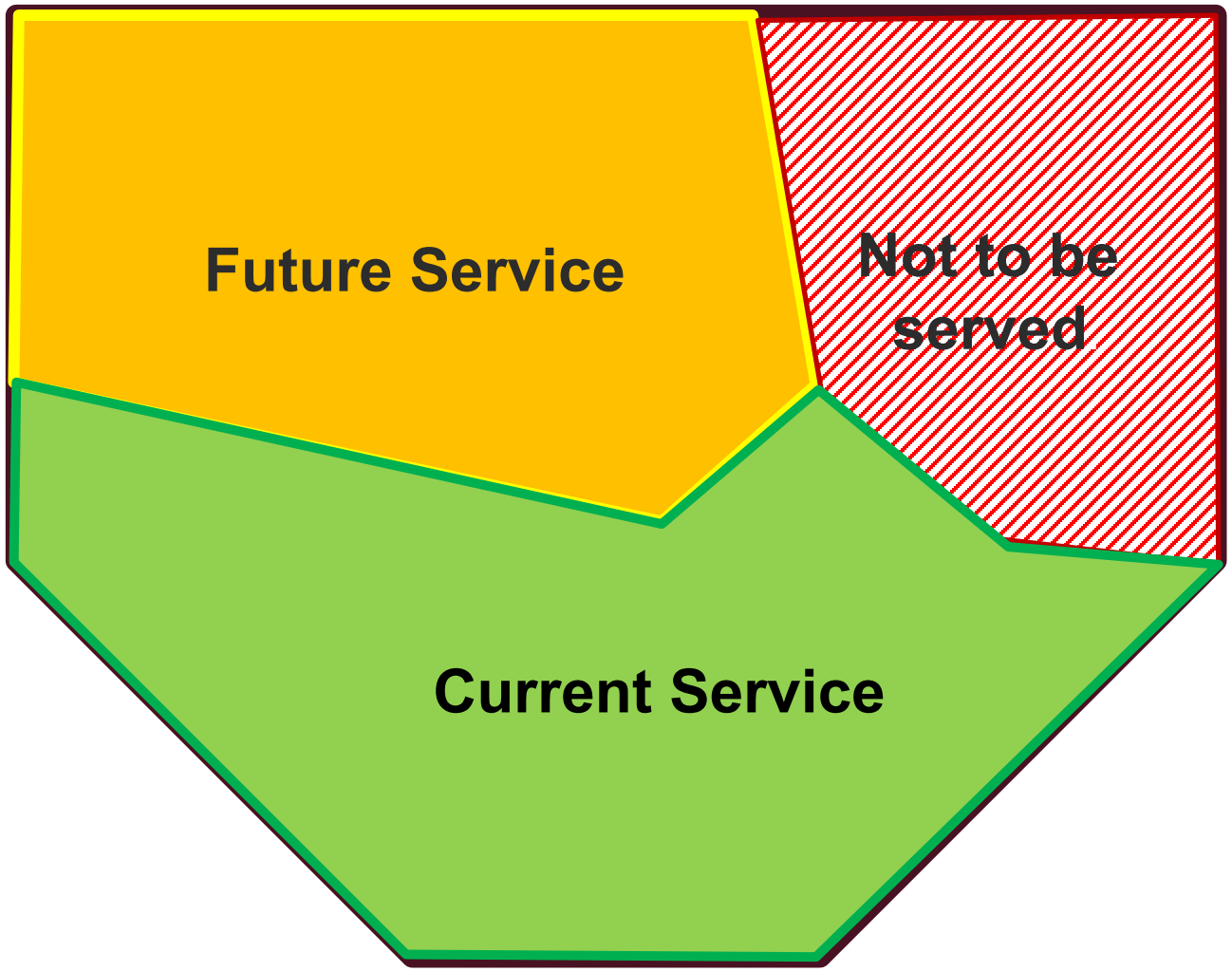

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De Graff
Sidney
West Liberty
Versailles
Union City
DARKE
Bradford
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CHAMPAIGN
Urbana
Greenville
MIAMI
Hollansburg
Northridge
Tipp City
New Carlisle
Springfield
Brookville
Trotwood
Riverside
Dayton
Eaton
New Lebanon
Kettering
Xenia
Miami
Springboro

Facility Planning Area (FPA)

The FPA is the area within which the Designated Management Agency is responsible for the **planning, financing, construction, maintenance, and operation** of wastewater collection and treatment systems.



Can Be More Than a Line on a Map



Additional Notes

- Based on existing planning
  - Comprehensive Plan
  - Land Use Plan
  - Zoning
- Topographical Lines
  - Gravity sewers
  - Now, greater comfort with force mains, lift stations, pump stations
- Parcel Lines



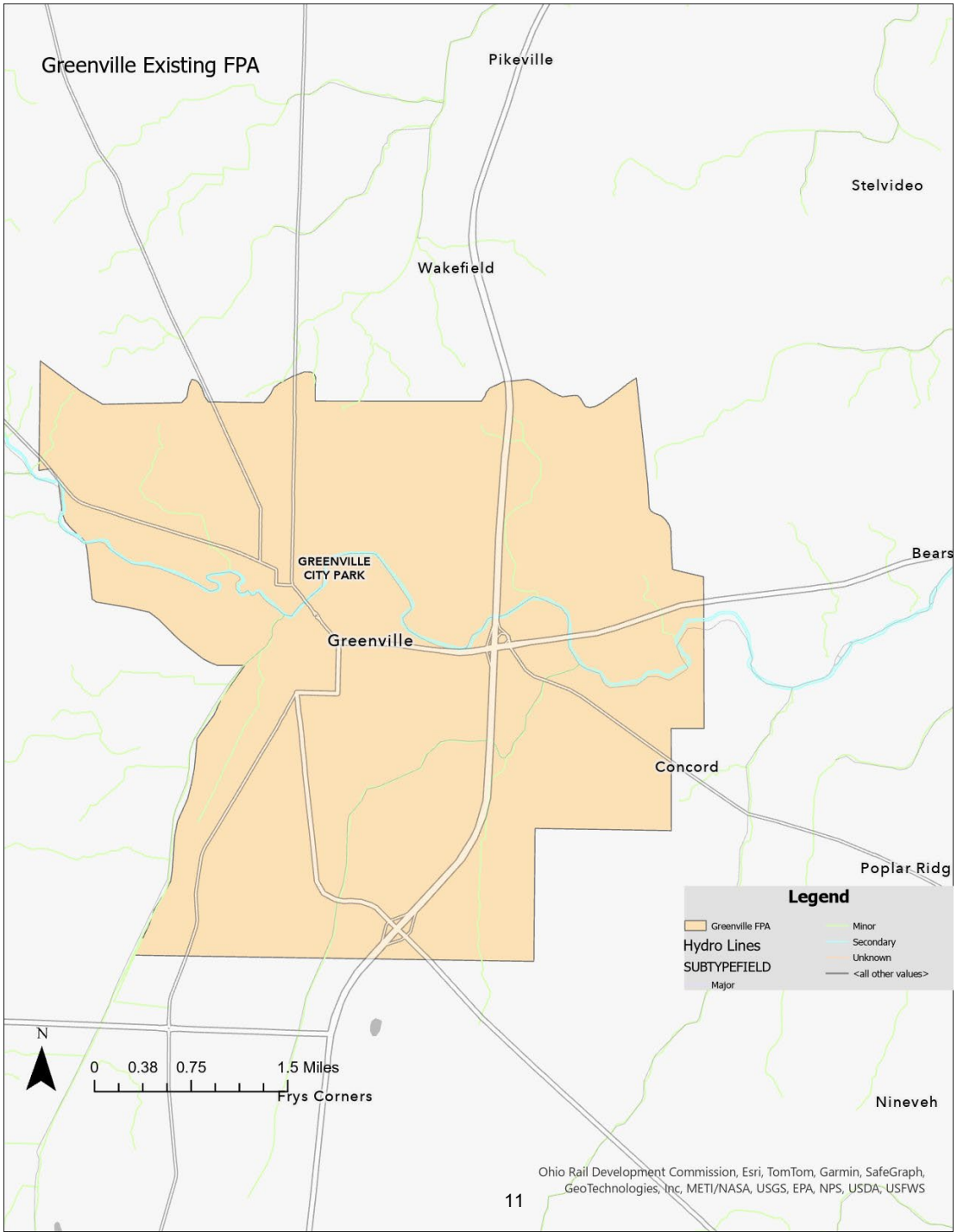


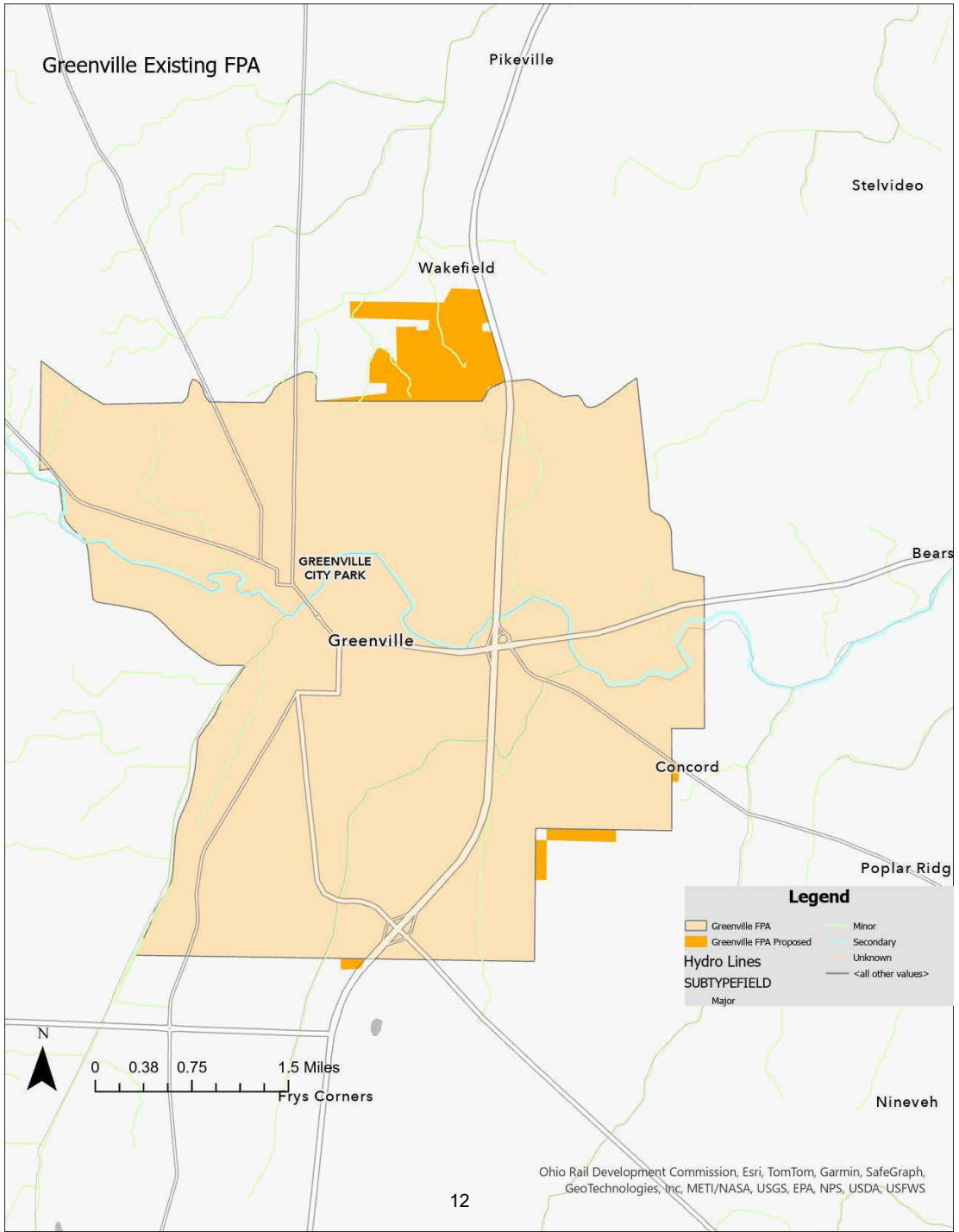


Greenville Update





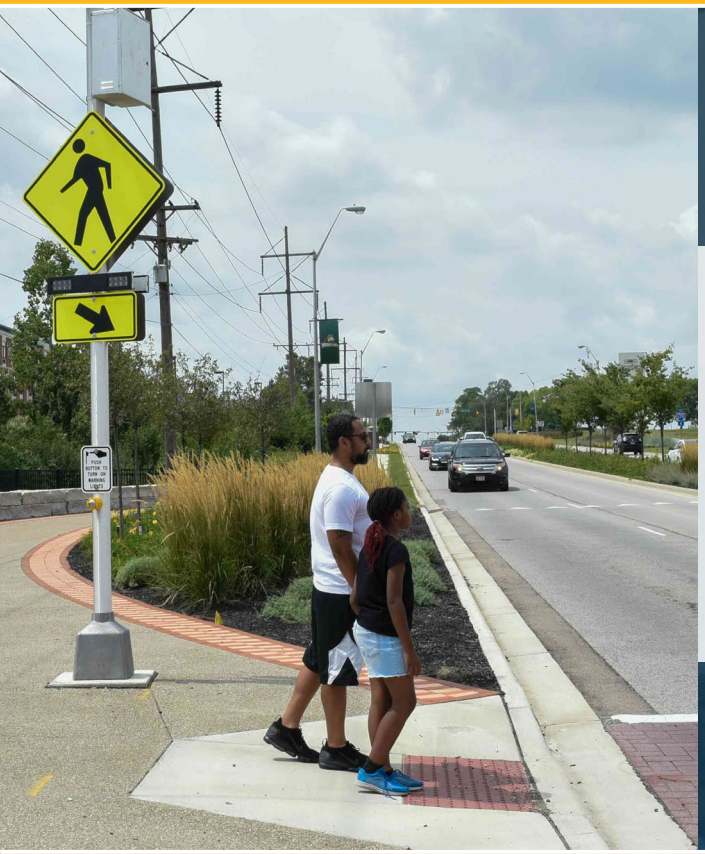

Greenville Existing FPA
Pikeville
Stelvideo
Wakefield
GREENVILLE
CITY PARK
Bears
Greenville
Concord
Poplar Ridg
Legend
Greenville FPA
Hydro Lines
SUBTYPEFIELD
Major
Minor
Secondary
Unknown
<all other values>
N
0
0.38
0.75
1.5 Miles
Frys Corners
Nineveh
Ohio Rail Development Commission, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METI/NASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS


Greenville Existing FPA
Pikeville
Stelvideo
Wakefield
GREENVILLE
CITY PARK
Bears
Greenville
Concord
Poplar Ridg
Legend
Greenville FPA
Greenville FPA Proposed
Hydro Lines
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0 0.38 0.75 1.5 Miles
Frys Corners
Nineveh
Ohio Rail Development Commission, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METI/NASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS

Thank you!
Discussion and Comments

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FPA Policy Updates





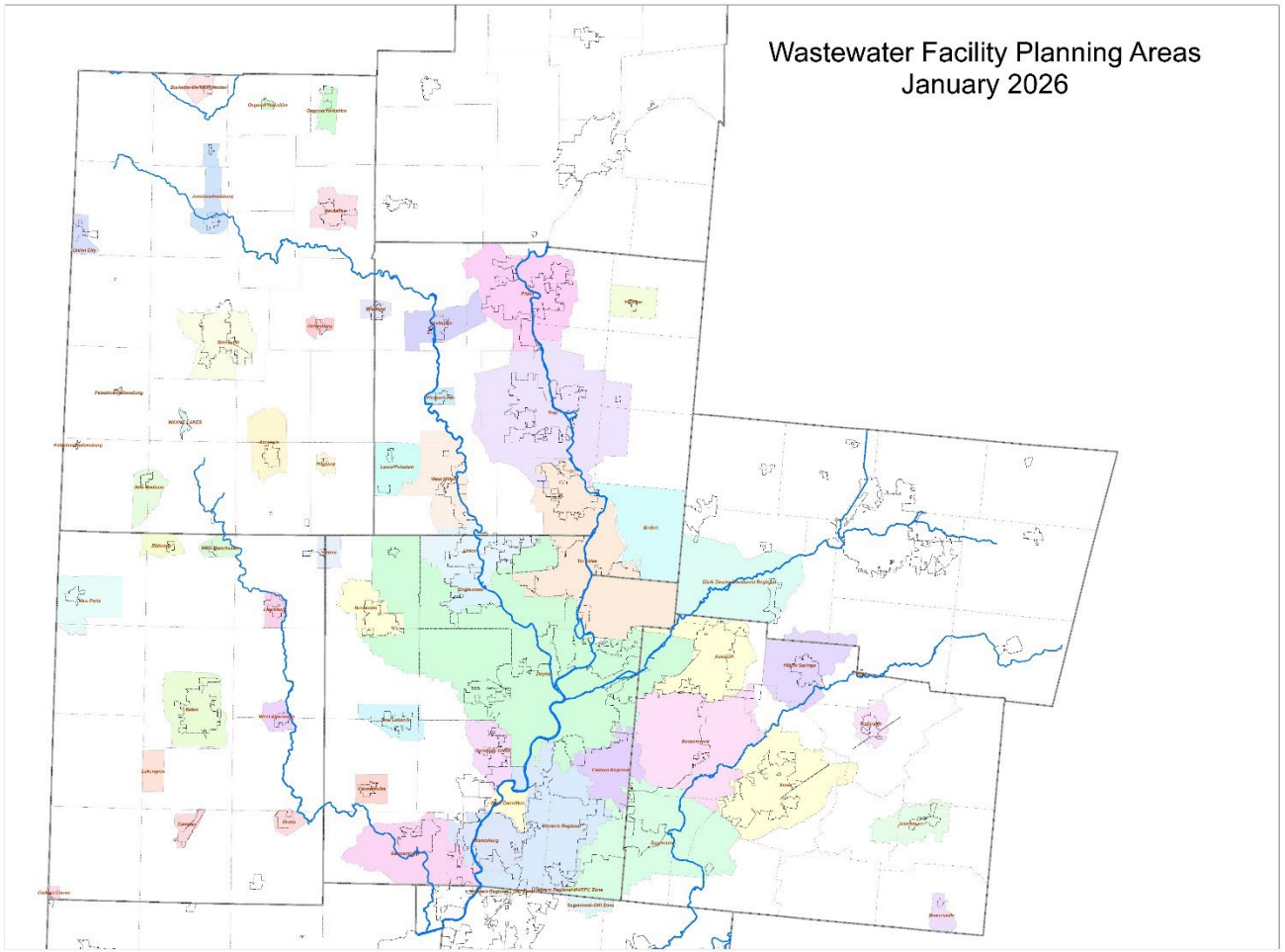


Matt Lindsay

Presenter

Overview

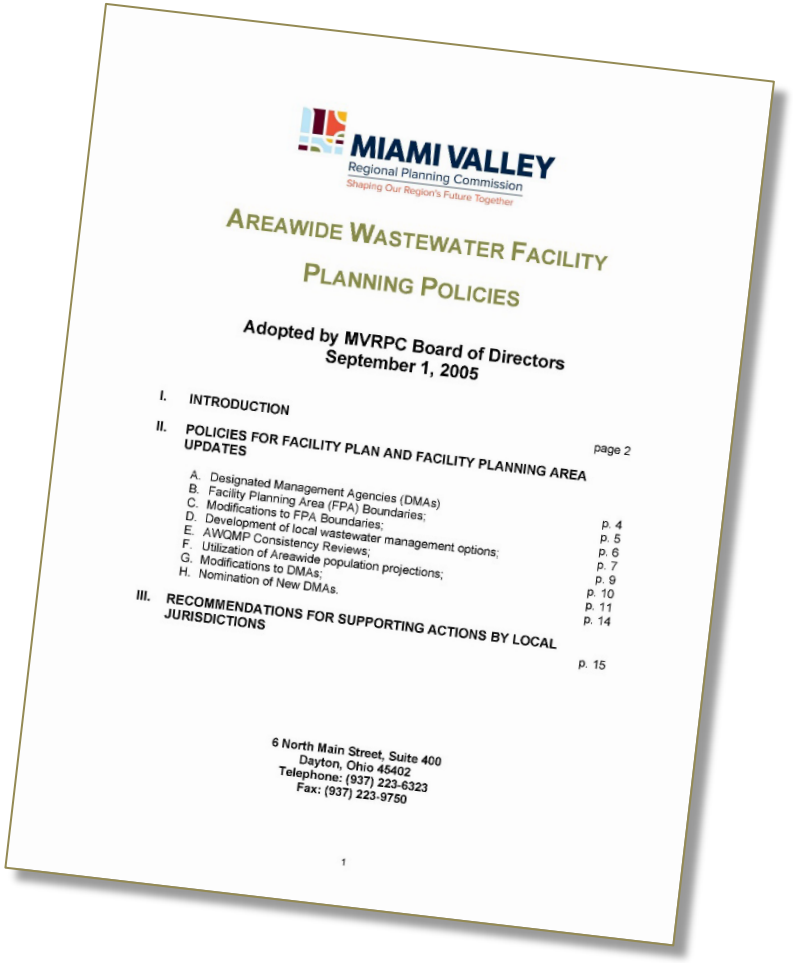
- Background
  - Policies
  - Guidelines
- Purpose of the Working Group
- Proposed Timeline
- Current Drafts
- Comment Period



FPA Policies Background

Facility Planning Policies

- MVRPC designated Areawide Water Quality Planning Agency in 1972
- Adopted in 2005
- Defines “Primary Designated Management Agency” (DMA) and “Satellite DMA.”
- Defines “Facility Planning Area” (FPA)
- Describes the processes for modifications to DMAs and FPAs



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AREAWIDE WASTEWATER FACILITY PLANNING POLICIES

Adopted by MVRPC Board of Directors
September 1, 2005

I. INTRODUCTION

II. POLICIES FOR FACILITY PLAN AND FACILITY PLANNING AREA UPDATES page 2

A. Designated Management Agencies (DMAs) p. 4
B. Facility Planning Area (FPA) Boundaries; p. 5
C. Modifications to FPA Boundaries; p. 6
D. Development of local wastewater management options; p. 7
E. AWQMP Consistency Reviews; p. 9
F. Utilization of Areawide population projections; p. 10
G. Modifications to DMAs; p. 11
H. Nomination of New DMAs. p. 14

III. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SUPPORTING ACTIONS BY LOCAL JURISDICTIONS p. 15

6 North Main Street, Suite 400
Dayton, Ohio 45402
Telephone: (937) 223-6323
Fax: (937) 223-9750

1

Policy B

- Primary DMA must maintain a 20-year facility plan covering its FPA
- Overlapping FPAs are prohibited.
- "Applicants involved in [FPA] conflicts are expected to make every effort to arrive at a solution acceptable to all parties involved."
  - Satellite Agreements are a suggested resolution.

Policy C

- FPA changes are subject to MVRPC Board approval
- DMAs requesting FPA changes must:
  - Demonstrate that their facility plan is capable of managing the expected waste flow.
  - "…solicit support from all affected jurisdictions, including any other DMA that may be affected by the [change]."

FPA Policy Highlights

- **Policy A – Designated Management Agencies**
  - Each FPA shall have 1 Primary DMA responsible for planning for wastewater treatment.
  - Municipalities, Counties, Sanitary Sewer Districts may be DMAs
  - Allows and defines Satellite DMAs
- **Policy D – Local Wastewater Management Options**
  - Suggests 6 categories of wastewater management options. (see page 7)
  - Requires coordination with County Health Districts for areas designated for HSTS treatment.
- **Policy E – AWQMP Consistency Reviews**
  - MVRPC staff review of projects proposed by DMA
  - Projects outside current FPA boundary are not consistent with the regional plan
  - MVRPC shall keep records of consistency reviews (available for DMA review).
- **Policy F – Areawide Population Projections**
  - Population projections used for local Facility Planning shall conform to population projections developed by MVRPC or the Ohio Department of Development.
- **Policy G – Modifications to DMAs**
  - Adversarial process for de-designating Primary management agencies
- **Policy H – New DMAs**
  - Process for designation of new DMAs

FPA Update Guidelines

- **Adopted at the same time as the policies – in 2005.**
- **Outline of all the required information needed from a DMA requesting a change to their FPA**

A. GIS map of the proposed boundary

B. 20-year population projection for the proposed FPA

C. Description of existing and proposed wastewater treatment options for the FPA and the new FPA area

D. Verification of capability to provide wastewater treatment to the proposed FPA addition

E. Table showing current plant permit limits, capacities, and projected plant capacities

F. Narrative discussion of how the plan described in “C” will meet the needs of the projected population in the new FPA area.

G. Narrative discussion of how the plan described in “C” will be protective of water resources.

H. Narrative discussion of how the plan described in “C” agrees or conflicts with the community’s plans and the plans of neighboring communities/DMAs

I. Documentation of public participation conducted by the applicant regarding the Facility Plan change or boundary change, along with letters of support from neighboring DMA, jurisdictions, sewer districts.

FPA Update Process

- **The process for review and approval of Facility Plan and/or Facility Planning Area Update proposals shall follow the following sequence:**

  A. Proposals will be reviewed by MVRPC staff for completeness. MVRPC may request additional information as appropriate.

  B. MVRPC staff will submit complete proposals for review and input to the MVRPC **Areawide Facility Planning Subcommittee**. Applicant will have the option of making a brief formal presentation on the proposal to the Subcommittee.

  C. Staff collects input on the proposal from the Areawide Facility Planning Subcommittee.

MVRPC: Public Notice, Public Comment Period, Public Meeting

  D. Staff forwards proposal and input to the MVRPC Technical Advisory Committee for additional input. Applicant will have the option of making a formal presentation on the proposal.

  E. Staff summarizes all input and develops recommendation.

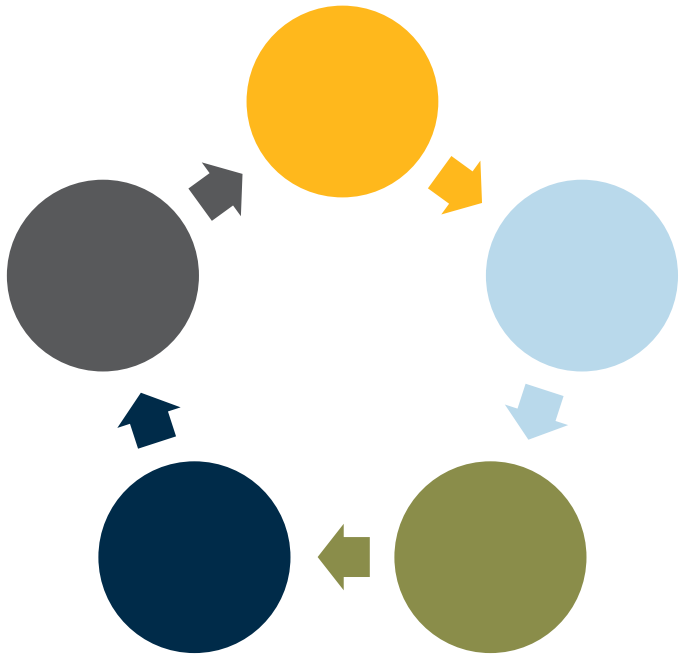
  F. Staff presents proposal, input, and recommendation to MVRPC Board of Directors for action.

  G. Approved updates are included in future amendments and revisions to the MVRPC's Areawide Water Quality Management Plan, and subsequently forwarded to the Ohio EPA for State and Federal certification.

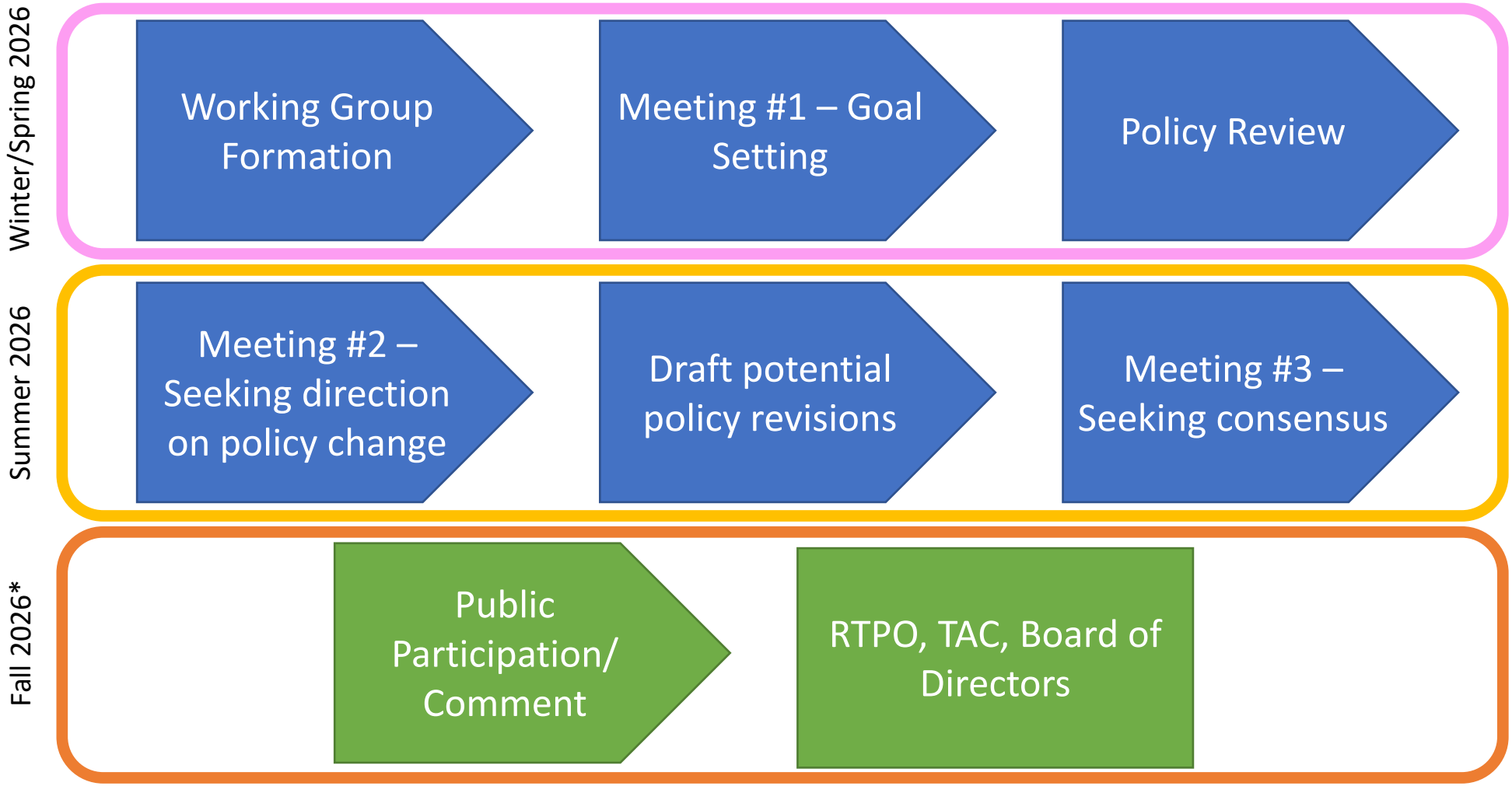
Purpose of the Working Group

Purpose of the FPA Policy Review Working Group

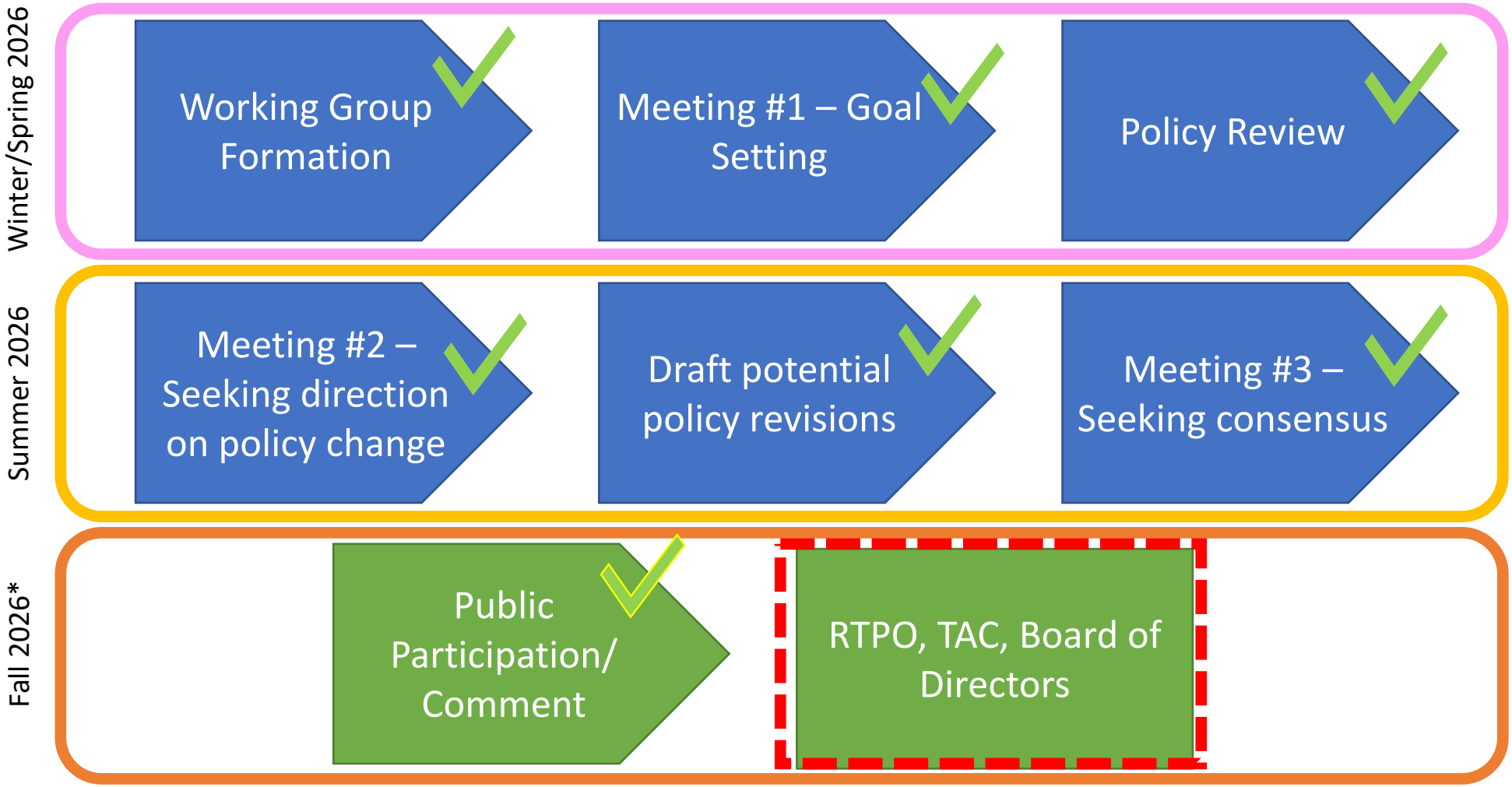
- Review how the existing policies address FPA changes and how they work in actual practice.
- Identify ways the process could be improved.
- Propose changes to the policies for consideration.
- Fulfill a staff commitment to the Board of Directors.



FPA Modification Process – Working Group Proposed Timeline



FPA Modification Process – Working Group Proposed Timeline



Proposed Updates

Current **DRAFT** Policies

- The redline delegates more review authority to MVRPC staff — both by reordering the staff/AFPSC review sequence in Policy C and by making staff (not AFPSC) the first-line reviewer of alternative population projections in Policy F.
- It creates a Board-bypass fast track for annexation-only FPA boundary changes — the most structurally significant addition.
- It adds a formal PTI consistency-review section that wasn't previously documented.
- It narrows the AWQMP consistency test by dropping the "meets Ohio EPA's regulatory and technical requirements" factor.
- It relaxes a mandate (FPA subdivision into categories goes from "shall" to "may").
- Most of the rest is terminology modernization (Facility Plan → Wastewater Master Plan, POTW → WWTF) and a stale data point (census year).

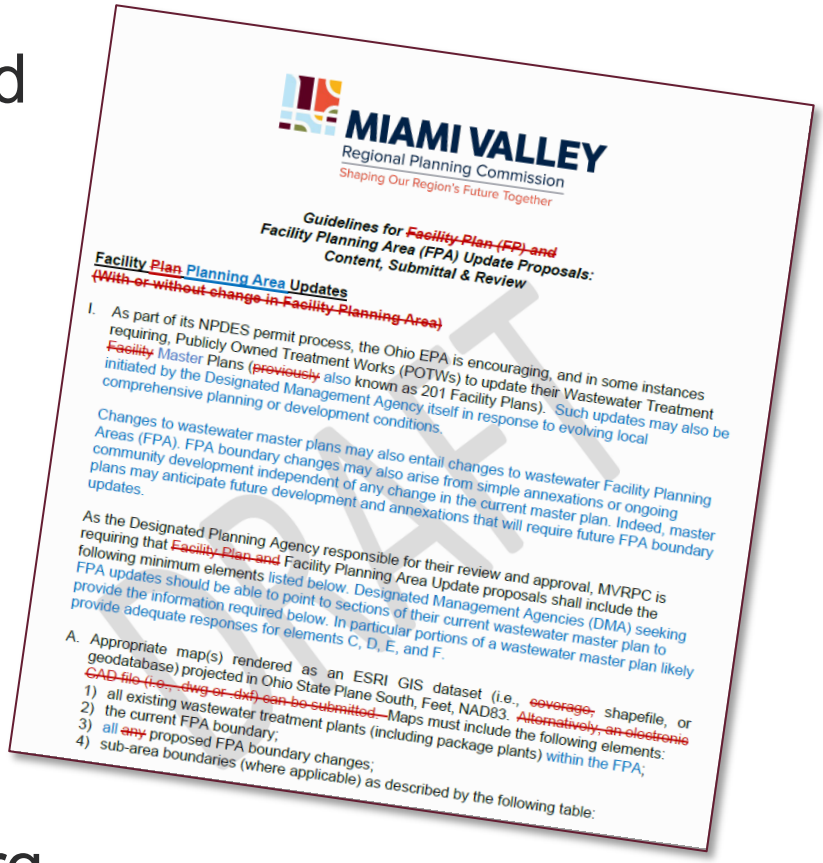
Current **DRAFT** Guidelines

- **"Facility Plan" is being retired as a covered document type.** Removes references to "Facility Plan (FP)" so the guidelines apply solely to Facility Planning Area (FPA) updates.
- **Expanded rationale and flexibility up front.** Additional triggers for updates (DMA-initiated, annexation-driven) and lets applicants reuse existing master-plan content for required elements.
- **Technical requirements tightened in some places, loosened in others.** Mapping format is tightened (GIS-only), while population projections are loosened (DMA's own projections allowed with justification). The environmental-protection standard in Section F is narrowed to NPDES compliance, with a new O&M requirement for septic systems added alongside it.
- **Broader interagency review.** The Water & Environment Subcommittee and RTPO are newly written into the review process (Section III) and given their own rows in the meeting-schedule table (Section IV). . This formalizes an existing practice which evolved into use after 2005.
- **Administrative housekeeping.** Board meeting time shifts to 9:00 a.m., the Great Miami River Watershed Network scheduling tie-in is dropped, and the approval date is reset to a placeholder.

Opportunities to Comment

- The public comment period was held from October 6th 2026 to November 4th 2026.
- At our offices:

  6 North Main Street
  Suite 400
  Dayton, OH 45402



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Guidelines for ~~Facility Plan (FP) and~~ Facility Planning Area (FPA) Update Proposals: Content, Submittal & Review

Facility Plan Planning Area Updates
~~(With or without change in Facility Planning Area)~~

I. As part of its NPDES permit process, the Ohio EPA is encouraging, and in some instances requiring, Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs) to update their Wastewater Treatment ~~Facility~~ Master Plans (~~previously~~ also known as 201 Facility Plans). Such updates may also be initiated by the Designated Management Agency itself in response to evolving local comprehensive planning or development conditions.

Changes to wastewater master plans may also entail changes to wastewater Facility Planning Areas (FPA). FPA boundary changes may also arise from simple annexations or ongoing community development independent of any change in the current master plan. Indeed, master plans may anticipate future development and annexations that will require future FPA boundary updates.

As the Designated Planning Agency responsible for their review and approval, MVRPC is requiring that ~~Facility Plan and~~ Facility Planning Area Update proposals shall include the following minimum elements listed below. Designated Management Agencies (DMA) seeking FPA updates should be able to point to sections of their current wastewater master plan to provide the information required below. In particular portions of a wastewater master plan likely provide adequate responses for elements C, D, E, and F.

A. Appropriate map(s) rendered as an ESRI GIS dataset (i.e., ~~coverage,~~ shapefile, or geodatabase) projected in Ohio State Plane South, Feet, NAD83. ~~Alternatively, an electronic CAD file (i.e., dwg or .dxf) can be submitted.~~ Maps must include the following elements:
   1) all existing wastewater treatment plants (including package plants) within the FPA;
   2) the current FPA boundary;
   3) all ~~any~~ proposed FPA boundary changes;
   4) sub-area boundaries (where applicable) as described by the following table:

DRAFT

Email comments: mlindsay@mvrpc.org

Comments

- No comments were received during the public comment period.

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Comments/Questions

Matt Lindsay
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Regional Planning Commission

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www.mvrpc.org

November 6, 2026

From: MVRPC Staff

To: RTPO Steering Committee, Technical Advisory Committee, MVRPC Board of Directors

Subject: Proposed AWQMP 2026 Amendment: Greenville FPA; Updates to MVRPC Facility Planning Policies and Facility Planning Area Update Guidelines

The proposed 2026 Amendment to the Areawide Water Quality Management Plan includes two separate elements:

1. A boundary update for the Greenville Facility Planning Area in Darke County
2. An update to the MVRPC Facility Planning Policies and Facility Planning Area Update Guidelines.

Greenville Facility Planning Area

Outreach conducted to all Designated Management Agency communities in Darke County in 2025 highlighted the need for updates to the FPA boundary for Greenville. It was learned that the Greenville corporate boundary and sanitary sewer service area already extended beyond the current FPA boundary shown in the AWQMP.

MVRPC staff worked with City of Greenville staff to develop the elements of a complete request to update the FPA boundary to reflect current facts on the ground in Greenville. Concurrently, Greenville has been in the final stages of a major upgrade to the wastewater treatment facility. The engineering studies for that project were able to provide much of the required data needed for the update request.

The current and proposed FPA maps for Greenville are attached for review. Data ad responses from the city confirm the city's ability to serve the proposed area and maintain compliance with the Ohio EPA NPDES permit for the facility. Indeed, as noted, the city is already serving these areas.

Staff recommends approval of the updated boundary for the Greenville FPA.

Facility Planning Policies and Guidelines for PA Updates

MVRPC staff have been facilitating a working group of wastewater Designated Management Agencies to review and develop proposed updates to the Facility Planning Policies and the Facility Planning Area Update Guidelines. These proposed updates are presented here for

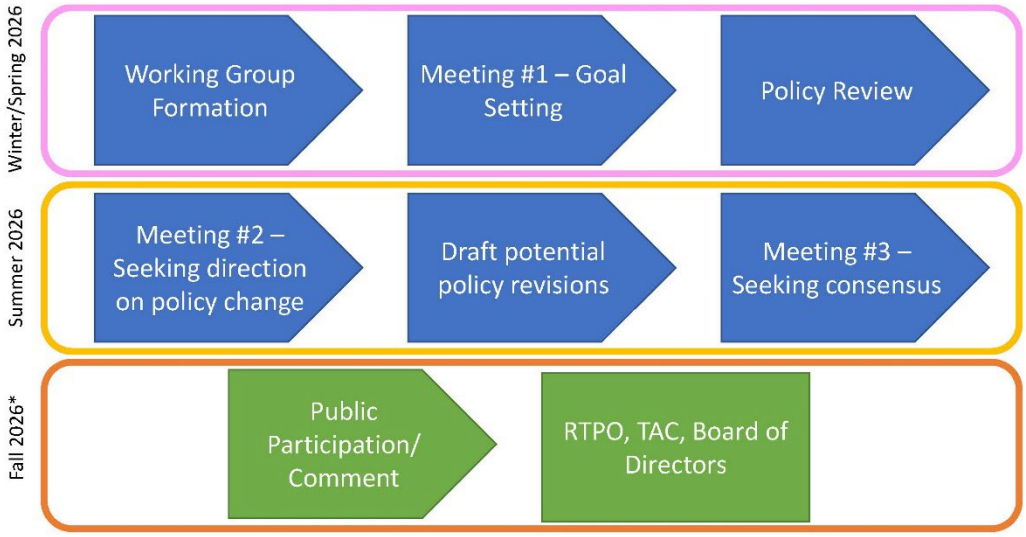
review by the technical and policy committees of MVRPC as amendments to the Areawide Water Quality Management Plan.

Background

The current form of the Facility Planning Policies and the Facility Planning Area Update Guidelines were adopted by the MVRPC Board of Directors in September of 2005. These documents establish the policies MVRPC uses in maintaining and updating the wastewater management portions of the Areawide Water Quality Management Plan (also referred to as the 208 Plan). The policies address requirements for wastewater planning, Designated Management Agencies (DMA), and for establishing and changing the boundaries of Facility Planning Areas (FPA). The Guidelines document sets the minimum required information for MVRPC consideration of a request to update an FPA boundary.

In the 21 years since the policies and guidelines were adopted changes in technology and Oho EPA and MVRPC processes have created a need to review the policies to ensure the documents reflect current needs and actual practice. At the direction of the MVRPC Board of Directors a Working Group was established to conduct this review of the policies and guidelines. The Working Group met three times in 2026 to set goals for policy changes, review how current language does or does not meet those goals and to develop proposed text changes to reflect those goals. The Working Group unanimously recommended the proposed edits forward for review by all DMA communities and through the MVRPC committees.

The graphic, below, sketches out the committee workflow for 2026.



Proposed Policy and Guideline Updates

The following bullets summarize the effects of the proposed updates to the Policies and Guidelines.

Facility Planning Policies:

- The update **delegates more review authority to MVRPC staff** — both by reordering the staff/AFPSC review sequence in Policy C and by making staff (not AFPSC) the first-line reviewer of alternative population projections in Policy F.
- It **creates a Board-bypass fast track** for annexation-only FPA boundary changes — the most structurally significant addition.
- It **adds a formal PTI consistency-review section** that wasn't previously documented.
- It **narrows the AWQMP consistency test** by dropping the "meets Ohio EPA's regulatory and technical requirements" factor.
- It **relaxes a mandate** (FPA subdivision into categories goes from "shall" to "may").

FPA Update Guidelines:

- **"Facility Plan" is being retired as a covered document type.** Nearly a dozen edits, scattered across the title, intro, and Sections H, I, and III, strip out references to "Facility Plan (FP)" so the guidelines apply solely to Facility Planning Area (FPA) updates.
- **Expanded rationale and flexibility up front.** New intro language explains additional triggers for updates (DMA-initiated, annexation-driven) and lets applicants reuse existing master-plan content for several required elements.
- **Technical requirements tightened in some places, loosened in others.** Mapping format is tightened (GIS-only, drop the legacy "coverage" format and CAD alternative), while population projections are loosened (DMA's own projections allowed with justification, rather than mandatory agreement with MVRPC's). The environmental-protection standard in Section F is narrowed to NPDES compliance specifically, with a new O&M requirement for septic systems added alongside it.
- **Broader interagency review.** The Water & Environment Subcommittee and RTPO are newly written into the review process (Section III) and given their own rows in the meeting-schedule table (Section IV).
- **New RTPO / Water & Environment Subcommittee steps.** This formalizes an existing practice which evolved into use after 2005.

The complete edits to the documents are attached using ~~strikethrough~~ formatting for deletions and blue text for additions.

Stakeholder and Public Review

The proposed policy and guideline changes were developed in close coordination with the FPA Policy Working Group – comprised of representatives from jurisdictions across the region. This included villages, cities, counties and county public health districts. The proposed edits were forwarded to all Designated Management Agencies in the planning area for their review and comment.

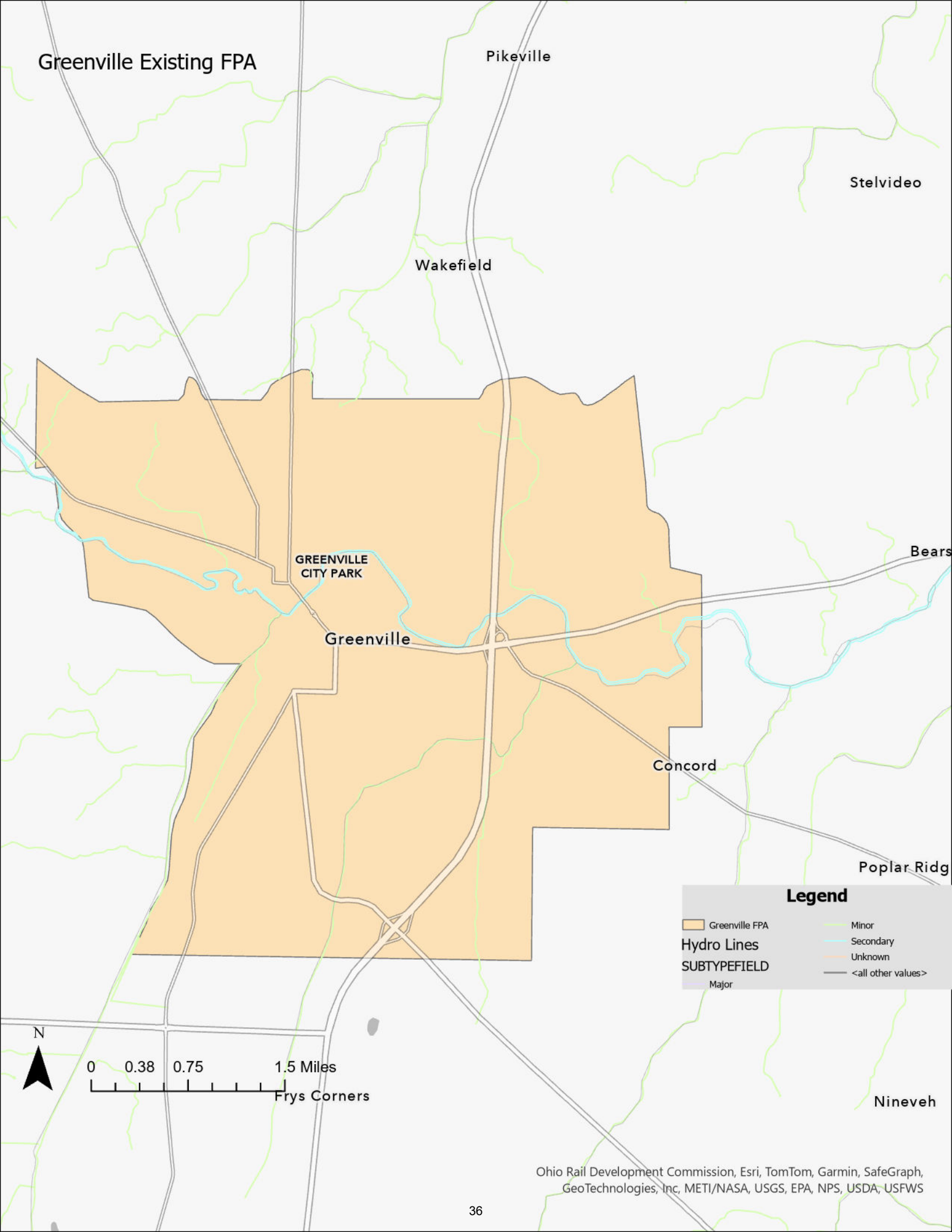
MVRPC managed a public participation period, including an open, virtual public meeting on the proposed amendment from October 6, 2026 through November 4, 2026. The public meeting was held on October 27, 2026. This public comment period was for the entire proposed 2026 Amendment – including both the Greenville FPA update and the policy updates. No comments were received during the comment period; a public participation summary document will be created.

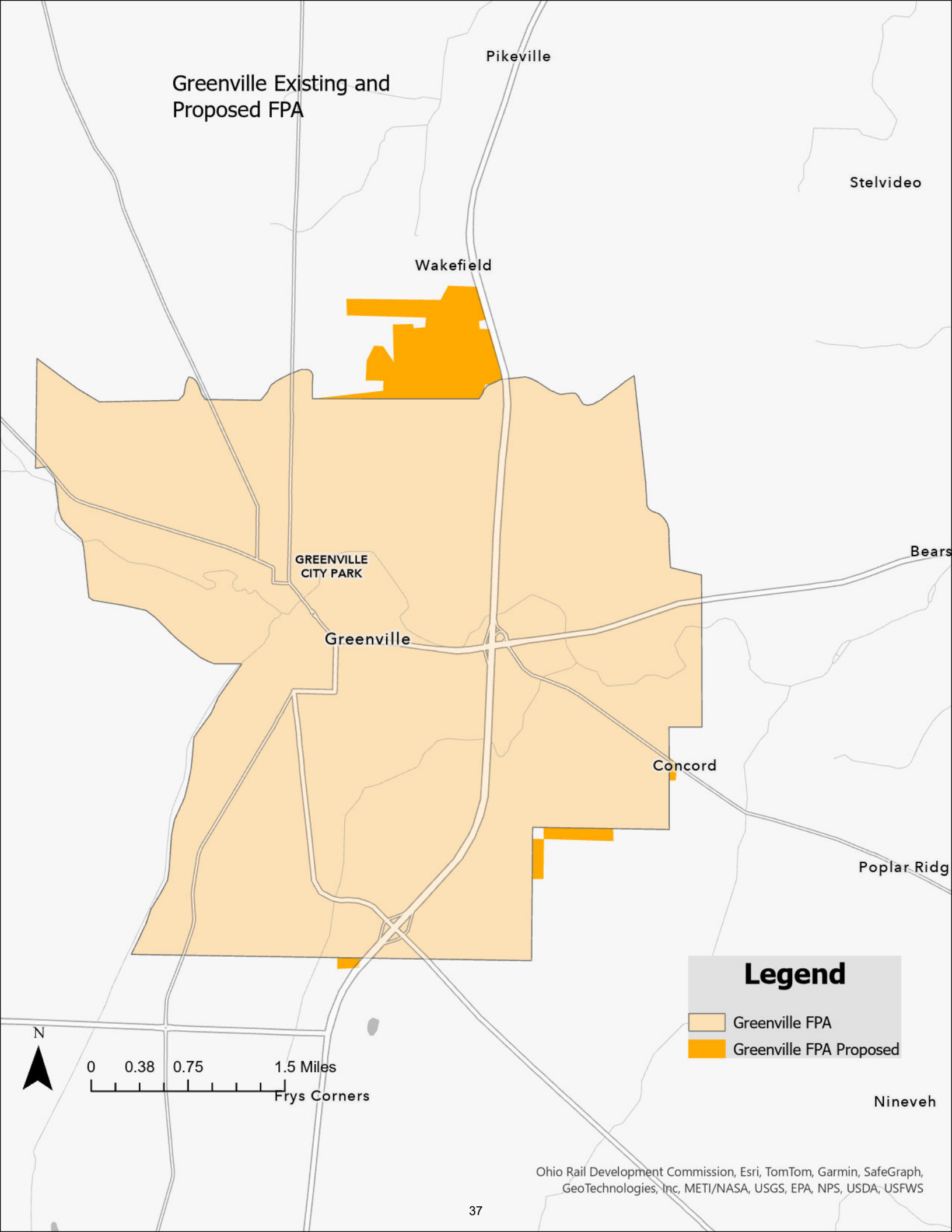
Staff Recommendation

MVRPC staff recommends adoption of the updates to the Facility Planning Policies and the FPA Update Guidelines. Staff reserves the option to further edit the proposed updates or to revise this recommendation based on input from the Public Comment period.

2026 Amendment Recommendation

Staff recommends adoption of the 2026 Amendment to the Areawide Water Quality Management Plan as presented.


Greenville Existing FPA
Pikeville
Stelvideo
Wakefield
GREENVILLE
CITY PARK
Bears
Greenville
Concord
Poplar Ridg
Legend
Greenville FPA
Hydro Lines
SUBTYPEFIELD
Major
Minor
Secondary
Unknown
<all other values>
N
0
0.38
0.75
1.5 Miles
Frys Corners
Nineveh
Ohio Rail Development Commission, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METI/NASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS


Greenville Existing and Proposed FPA
Pikeville
Stelvideo
Wakefield
GREENVILLE CITY PARK
Bears
Greenville
Concord
Poplar Ridg
Legend
Greenville FPA
Greenville FPA Proposed
N
0 0.38 0.75 1.5 Miles
Frys Corners
Nineveh
Ohio Rail Development Commission, Esri, TomTom, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METI/NASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS

MIAMI VALLEY
Regional Planning Commission
Shaping Our Region's Future Together

AREAWIDE WASTEWATER FACILITY PLANNING POLICIES

Adopted by MVRPC Board of Directors
[DATE]

DRAFT

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Section I – Introduction

PURPOSE

This purpose of this document is to present background and establish policies to guide MVRPC's process for review and approval of new and/or modified Facility Planning Areas.

Within the Miami Valley Region, MVRPC serves as the designated Areawide Planning Agency for Darke, Preble, Miami, Montgomery, and Greene Counties. This planning region includes portions of the Great Miami and Little Miami River watersheds. In the undesignated areas of Ohio, Ohio EPA carries out the municipal wastewater planning function. Wastewater Treatment Master Plans and their associated Facility Planning Areas are the cornerstones of MVRPC's Areawide Water Quality Management Plan (AWQMP). The purpose of periodically updating Master Plans and Facility Planning Areas is to ensure that wastewater treatment needs are met in ways that are protective of water resources into the future.

AREAWIDE WATER QUALITY PLANNING BACKGROUND

Requirements for Areawide Water Quality Planning are specified in Sections 205(j), 208 and 303 of the Clean Water Act. Municipal wastewater treatment is one of the six elements that need to be addressed in each 208 AWQMP. One of the objectives of Section 208 of the Clean Water Act was to establish integrated and coordinated facility planning for wastewater management. In order to accomplish this objective in urban areas where competition for service areas was expected to be a concern, the Clean Water Act also called for the Areawide Planning Agencies to assist in the resolution of such conflicts as they might arise.

Owners and operators of wastewater treatment plants (WWTPs, aka Publicly Owned Treatment Works or POTWs) are identified in the AWQMP as Designated Management Agencies (DMA). Each DMA is responsible for developing and maintaining a Wastewater Treatment Facility Plan (FP, now more commonly referred to as a Wastewater Master Plan) that identifies and prescribes wastewater management options in a surrounding Facility Planning Area (FPA). These management options must represent current and best understanding about where sewers will be extended and where areas will remain unsewered over the course of the next twenty years.

The original FPA boundaries were delineated by each DMA with the cooperation of MVRPC and Ohio EPA. The establishment of the FPA boundaries was approached in various ways. Some communities desired to limit their planning area to the extent of their existing jurisdictional authority. Others extended their boundaries outside of their jurisdictional boundaries based on the natural drainage boundaries. At the time, natural drainage boundaries were seldom breached, as the use of pumping stations had not yet become as commonplace as today. In some areas, the County Sanitary Engineer assumed the facilities planning role for a portion of a County. In others, special Sewer Districts took a regional approach to providing sewer service into the future.

As part of the DMA designation process, the owners/operators of treatment facilities were designated by the 208 AWQMP to have the authority for sewer-related planning in clearly delineated boundaries. These boundaries were once commonly referred to as 201 Facility

Planning Areas as required under Clean Water Action Section 201 Construction Grants program. They are now simply called Facility Planning Areas (FPAs).

For all of the facility planning actions that were taken, there had to be a rationale for each decision made by the DMA involved. In addition to MVRPC approval, Ohio EPA had to concur with each of these decisions, at least as to the effects that they would have on receiving streams. DMAs had to develop and implement plans that would satisfactorily solve any pollution problems associated with their system. Expansion of a service area beyond that identified in the facility plan was allowed as long as they met all applicable water quality standards and had received the consent of affected jurisdictions.

Ohio EPA's decisions concerning certain NPDES permits, permits to install (PTIs) and State Revolving Fund loans for wastewater treatment may not be inconsistent with the AWQMP. Ohio EPA and MVRPC coordinate on ensuring that new wastewater treatment-related proposals are consistent with the current AWQMP.

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Section II – Facility Planning Policies

POLICY A: DESIGNATED MANAGEMENT AGENCIES (DMAS)

Primary DMAs

Each Facility Planning Area shall have a single primary DMA for municipal wastewater treatment. The 1983 MVRPC 208 AWQMP established the basis for evaluating all sanitary sewer plans that have been proposed since the Plan was originally adopted. For each area where sewers are planned, a single local management agency is designated to take the lead in facility planning. This agency becomes the primary Designated Management Agency (DMA) for wastewater management planning. DMAs may include municipalities, counties, and sanitary sewer districts authorized under Ohio law to perform these functions.

The designation of DMAs guards against duplication of services and investment in infrastructure by preventing multiple and potentially competing treatment facilities from being planned for the FPA. This is important because cost/benefit and feasibility analyses hinge on the projected service demand. The sizing of sewer lines and wastewater treatment plants must reflect existing and projected populations. If two POTWs were to compete for the same customers, the duplication of service would be cost prohibitive, could result in plant operation problems, or both.

The 1983 Plan specifies an entity within each FPA that serves as the primary DMA. While the designation gives the primary DMA the lead responsibility for wastewater treatment planning, it does not imply that the DMA has an exclusive right or responsibility to provide wastewater treatment within part or all of the FPA (see satellite DMAs, below). The DMAs are listed in Figure 1.

Satellite DMAs

Satellite DMAs may be identified to carry out wastewater treatment functions via agreements with Primary DMAs. Many FPAs encompass land areas that lie outside of the political jurisdiction boundaries of the DMA responsible for wastewater planning. The AWQMP recognizes all service agreements that exist among a treatment facility owner/operator and the jurisdictions serviced by that facility. Those agreements may also specify which wastewater planning functions are to be assumed by the satellite jurisdictions. Each satellite jurisdiction named in such an agreement shall be recognized as a Satellite DMA for wastewater planning in accordance with the service agreement with the Primary DMA.

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POLICY B: FACILITY PLANNING AREA (FPA) BOUNDARIES

MVRPC shall maintain master maps of each DMA's FPA boundaries. The FPA serves as the "study area" for which each primary DMA shall develop and maintain a Wastewater Master Plan to provide for adequate wastewater treatment within the FPA over a 20-year time frame. Each plan shall include prescriptions that describe how and by whom wastewater will be managed within that DMA, as well as allocations for projected growth within that DMA.

Overlapping FPAs

The overlap of multiple FPAs will not be permitted in a Wastewater Master Plan or FPA updates. The Facility Planning process is intended to provide an organized and efficient approach to wastewater treatment planning. Allowing the overlap of FPAs brings undue confusion and conflict to the process, in addition to potentially resulting in duplication of effort, unwise pubic expenditures on redundant infrastructure, and excess plant capacities.

DMAs may consider establishing a Primary-Satellite DMA relationship to resolve overlapping boundary issues.

FPA Boundary Conflicts

When the original AWQMP was developed, there was little conflict in the establishment of the FPA boundaries. Any conflicts that did arise were generally resolved to the satisfaction of all parties and subsequently incorporated into the Plan. Before Ohio EPA accepted any FPA boundary delineation, affected municipalities and counties had to agree on the boundary. As a result of this, facility planning proceeded in a timely manner throughout the Miami Valley Region.

More recently, with increased growth and development, and the renewed emphasis on wastewater treatment facility planning, there is greater potential for conflict between DMAs. Such conflicts may be in various forms: (1) One DMA desires to assume facility planning responsibility over a portion of an adjacent FPA, where that FPA's Primary DMA has not provided desired wastewater planning; or (2) Two or more DMA's desire to assume facility planning responsibilities in an area not within any FPA; or (3) one DMA municipality annexes parcels in another DMA's FPA.

Applicants involved in such conflicts are expected to make every effort to arrive at a solution acceptable to all parties involved. A Primary-Satellite DMA agreement may be considered as a possible solution. Upon request the Areawide Facility Planning Sub Committee (AFPSC) may suggest alternatives to the parties involved. The AFPSC shall provide input to MVRPC staff as to a resolution. Staff shall make a recommendation to the Board of the MVRPC, after consultation with the Technical Advisory Committee.

POLICY C: MODIFICATIONS TO FPA BOUNDARIES

All future changes to FPA boundaries are subject to approval of the MVRPC Board of Directors. In addition, the Board must approve all new FPAs. Such changes are effective upon Board approval and will be reflected in the next AWQMP update submitted for certification.

The current AWQMP recognizes the FPA designations that are identified in Figure 1, included with this policy. A DMA requesting a change must apply to MVRPC for redefinition of its boundaries. This will require the DMA to solicit support from all affected jurisdictions, including any other DMA that may be affected by the redefinition. If a change is sought for an FPA that crosses the planning area boundary between MVRPC and OKI or MVRPC and Ohio EPA, then the approval of both involved agencies will be required.

Initial application for a change to an FPA shall be made to MVRPC staff, which shall provide input to the AFPSC as to a recommendation and/or a resolution. Staff shall recommend an action to the Board of the MVRPC after consultation with the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC).

All applications for the redrawing of existing FPA boundaries must be accompanied by a written demonstration that an environmentally acceptable and affordable Facility Plan exists. The DMA must demonstrate that the boundary change will not jeopardize the ability of the WWTP to comply with its NPDES permit conditions. These plans must also estimate the impacts on existing rate structure of that WWTF. If the requested boundary change also involves a boundary conflict, the applicant and other affected parties are expected to make every effort to resolve the conflict prior to submitting for the boundary change, per the position stated in Policy B, above.

The AFPSC shall consider the following factors when reviewing all applications for FPA boundary changes:

1) The proposal's effect upon attainment of any Water Quality Standard in any applicable receiving waters;
2) The proposal's effect upon any other DMA's Facility Plan as regards, for example, facility engineering or financing;
3) The proposal's compatibility with land use plans within and surrounding the FPA;
4) The local support for the proposal; and
5) Preference for full utilization of existing facilities and sewers over expansion of other facilities and sewers.

Special Case Annexation-Related FPA Boundary Changes

Under particular circumstances, as described below, applications for an FPA boundary update arising from a completed annexation, may be approved by MVRPC staff following AFPSC review. Such special case annexation-related FPA updates will not be subject to TAC or Board of Directors review and approval.

Requests for an FPA boundary change that meet all of the following criteria may be approved by MVRPC staff following AFPSC review:

1) The annexation process related to the requested FPA boundary change request has been completed
2) The FPA boundary change requests only the addition of parcels included in the related annexation
3) The annexed parcels (and therefore the FPA update parcels) were previously not included in any other FPA

MVRPC staff shall provide timely notice of such FPA updates to the Board of Directors.

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POLICY D: DEVELOPMENT OF LOCAL WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT OPTIONS

The development of a Wastewater Treatment Master Plan or Plan Update involves the identification of viable local wastewater management options or prescriptions. To accomplish this each FPA may be subdivided according to the type of wastewater treatment in existence, proposed, and/or predicted. The following categories generally occur:

Table 1

Category	Description
1	Areas currently served with sanitary sewers
2	Areas expected to be served with sanitary sewers connected to an existing POTW during the next twenty years
3	Areas expected to be served with sanitary sewers connected to a new POTW in the next twenty years
4	Areas expected to remain on individual on-lot systems or semi-public systems, and where local officials are oriented to maintaining an unsewered status for the foreseeable future
5	Areas currently unsewered where local officials are oriented to accepting sewers if feasible and if found to be consistent with the AWQMP
6	Areas for which no wastewater management options have been declared

The decision as to the classification of any given area is made by the Primary DMA in cooperation with any other affected jurisdictions, MVRPC, and the Ohio EPA. In cases where the DMA does not expressly delineate category areas within their FPA, areas outside of the current service area will be considered category 6 by default.

At present, DMAs develop sewering plans that are optimized from an engineering standpoint within their FPA. While coordination with local jurisdictions regularly occurs when a WWTF serves more than a single community, there is no provision in the existing AWQMP that would encourage engineering plans to be amended based upon the desire of a local government to manage growth within its jurisdiction. This policy update provides such a mechanism.[1] Local governments are – encouraged to identify where they want central sewers and where they do not. The DMA in each FPA must consult with affected jurisdictions and take into account their input in cases that do not raise engineering or efficiency limitations.

In those areas where local officials want to restrict wastewater treatment to individual on-site systems, several conditions must be met. The county or municipal health departments responsible for managing on-site systems must authorize their use in the area under discussion. The provisions of ORC 6111 and OAC 3701-29-06 (I) that require connection to sanitary sewers when they become available must be complied with. The designation of an area as “onsite systems only,” or Category 4 from Table 1, applies as long as Ohio

[1] Facility planning should not be used in lieu of community comprehensive planning to limit growth. Rather, 201 planning should reflect broad-based community decisions about growth.

EPA does not mandate sewers under ORC 6117.34 if a water quality problem is demonstrated.

Policies of local health departments, which have legal responsibility and authority to influence on-site wastewater treatment, continue to be recognized under this policy. Ohio EPA and the Ohio Department of Health (ODH) coordinate on regulation of on-site wastewater treatment. Ohio Revised Code chapter 3718 and Ohio Administrative Code chapter 3701-29 govern regulation of home sewage treatment systems. ODH establishes statewide standards and local boards of health issue permits and conduct inspections. Local boards may set stricter standards than statewide minimums.

Local wastewater master plans may remain flexible to the extent desired by the community. These plans serve to guide the wastewater management decisions of local landowners. It is recognized that all documented wastewater-related water quality problems that exist now or that develop in the future must be remediated in a timely manner by the best means available. Where wastewater-related problems do not exist, local jurisdictions can decide if they prefer to protect water quality by utilizing individual on-site systems or centralized sanitary sewers. By identifying the areas that have no plans for sewer extensions in the next 20 years in a Facility Plan, jurisdictions notify all landowners of the need for them to plan for the installation and maintenance of on-site systems. In areas where sanitary sewers are likely to be extended, repair and maintenance of problematic on-site systems may be warranted instead of total system replacement. In all cases, landowners are provided notice by this Facility Planning Policy to consult with local government officials before proceeding with their wastewater plans.

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POLICY E: AWQMP CONSISTENCY REVIEWS

Wastewater Master Plans

Planning for future wastewater treatment needs is an inexact science. Assumptions are made relative to the size and extent of population growth. During the engineering phase of some projects, obstacles sometimes arise that render previously preferred alternatives impractical. With time, local conditions can change, resulting in modifications to previously preferred alternatives. Additions to existing treatment works or new treatment works continue to be proposed to meet growth demands and evolving NPDES permit requirements.

Updates to Wastewater Master Plans may be needed for a variety (or a combination) of reasons, including an increase in discharge, new discharges, new discharge limits, upgrades in treatment processes, the extension of sewer lines to previously unsewered areas, or the installation of pump stations.

All proposed wastewater master plan changes shall be developed in a manner consistent with AWQMP for two reasons: 1) the financial arrangements for the development of treatment works must be based on a sound estimate of future service requirements and projections of financial resources; and 2) The AWQMP requires planning for wastewater treatment capacity to meet only actual and anticipated treatment needs. These financial and planning issues are important concerns, thus AWQMP Consistency Reviews shall be available for any project proposed by an Areawide DMA.

Specifically, a consistency review will look at proposed updates related to geography and population. Under the AWQMP, any action proposed by a DMA shall be deemed consistent with the Plan as long as it:
(1) Consists solely of actions that are within the existing FPA boundary, and
(2) Conforms to accepted regional population projections (see Policy F).

If a DMA plans to extend service outside of its established FPA boundary, consistency will not be attained until all affected parties agree to the need for the change. If a proposal infringes on the boundary of another adjacent FPA, the applicant must secure the permission of the DMA within that neighboring FPA. In instances where applicants propose to extend service into areas where no facility planning has yet taken place (no FPA exists), such a proposal can be deemed consistent with the AWQMP by MVRPC and Ohio EPA, as long as the local jurisdictions affected by the extension agree to it. In any of these cases, the process for submitting a boundary modification to the AFPSC (see Policy C, above) should be observed.

Some communities in the Region are served by a neighboring community or regional system. The preferences expressed by these communities are subject to the acceptance of the DMA providing service. During a plan consistency review, the DMA must demonstrate that consultation has occurred with communities in its facility planning area to ascertain community preferences for sanitary sewer service.

Due to the need for timely response, Consistency Reviews shall be conducted by MVRPC staff. Staff shall keep the AFPSC informed as to Consistency Reviews performed, including subjects of the reviews, timeliness, and responses or results.

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Permits to Install

On a regular basis Ohio EPA shares information from applications for surface water permits to install (PTI) received for the five counties within MVRPC's areawide designation. The PTIs can be for extensions of sanitary sewers or for installation (in certain cases) of on-site treatment systems.

As a service to Ohio EPA permit review staff, MVRPC conducts a basic consistency review of PTI applications. These consistency reviews are strictly geographic reviews to ensure:
(1) a proposed sanitary sewer project is within the existing Facility Planning Area for the wastewater treatment facility proposed to receive flows, or,
(2) a proposed on-site treatment system project is not within a facility planning area or is in a portion of an FPA area for which the DMA has determined on-site treatment is the preferred treatment approach.

Data regarding PTI reviews are saved in GIS format, and can be made available to the AFPSC on a regular basis or as needed.

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POLICY F: UTILIZATION OF AREAWIDE POPULATION PROJECTIONS

As time has passed, the population projections used in the original 1983 AWQMP have become outdated. MVRPC's original AWQMP and the Facility Plans it references were based upon population projections from the 1980 census. Facility Plan Updates and Facility Planning Area modifications since that time have been based on the most current census data available. MVRPC currently utilizes population projections based on the 2010 census for all of its water quality planning purposes. MVRPC will maintain FPA-scale and Census geography-scale population projections for the use of Designated Management Agencies in development of wastewater master plans, FPA updates, and even PTI application development, if desired.

The Ohio Department of Development prepares the official population projections for the State of Ohio. They allocate projections to the county level. MVRPC further disaggregates the State's county-level projections into traffic analysis zones (TAZ) for its transportation planning counties (Greene, Miami, and Montgomery). This is accomplished based on an evaluation of available land for development, combined with local zoning requirements. Additional inputs are used as appropriate. The most recent TAZ population projections produced by MVRPC, are the ones to be used for consistency reviews. MVRPC staff will assist jurisdictions seeking the current population projections for the TAZs corresponding to their Facility Planning Areas.

In the cases of Darke and Preble Counties, where MVRPC-produced TAZ population projections do not exist, ODOD county-level projections may be used. The county-level population projections can serve as a starting point for the evaluation of population projections within facility planning areas. The facility planning process may disaggregate county projections to smaller areas, using justifiable or documented assumptions, such as existing zoning and land use plans. MVRPC can assist in this process, if desired.

The consistency review of population projections used to size the proposed facility or project guards against the use of optimistically high projections that could lead to the inability of a community to financially support its WWTP if the projections are not realized.

Utilization of Alternative Population Projections

Designated Management Agencies may provide alternative population projections for use in master planning or PTI applications, with justification/explanation for their use.

MVRPC staff shall review all Facility Planning applicants' alternative population projections for consistency with the MVRPC population projections. If an applicant's projections are not consistent, the applicant's justification/explanation for why the alternative should be used over the regional projection will be reviewed. Staff, if necessary, in consultation with the AFPSC, will determine if the alternative projections may be used in the subject case.

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POLICY G: MODIFICATIONS TO DESIGNATED MANAGEMENT AGENCIES (DMAS)

Primary DMAs that own or operate a Publicly Owned Treatment Works for wastewater have lead responsibility for sewer planning within their established Facility Planning Area, subject only to appeal to the MVRPC Board. Status as a DMA, however, does not imply that a jurisdiction or POTW has an exclusive right to provide services within an FPA.

In situations where (1) a Primary DMA has failed to provide services as outlined explicitly in its current Facility Plan, (2) the Facility Plan itself does not clearly prescribe how particular areas are to be served or by whom, (3) an Ohio EPA mandate for wastewater improvement exists, or (4) new situations arise that were not anticipated in the Facility Plan, then a case can be made for abandoning previous FPA boundaries and DMA designations so that new ones can be developed. In its 1993 Water Quality Management Plan Certification document, the Ohio EPA states:

> *"Ohio EPA will consider existing 208 planning and planning areas to the extent that the source(s) of the new discharges seeking permits were specifically anticipated and addressed in the planning process so that a specific entity was actually assigned responsibility for undertaking and providing treatment for the discharge. Where 201 Planning has been carried out and a specific alternative has been implemented, Ohio EPA will consider existing 201 planning areas to the extent that service to the entire planning area was the alternative chosen for implementation."*

Conflicts related to officially recognized FPA boundaries may occasionally occur. Furthermore, such conflicts may take on new dimensions that were not considered during the development of the original Plan. Some areas covered by an existing facility plan may want sewers to be extended to them while the Primary DMA either has no plans to extend service or has unacceptable conditions for service.

An appeal process that could result in the redefinition of existing FPA boundaries is necessary. Under this policy, the Primary DMA for an approved FPA will continue to have primacy for sewer planning, but that primacy will no longer be as absolute as in the past. A well-documented request of any applicant to transfer a specified area out of a recognized FPA will be given consideration. A process to deal with the evaluation of each application must follow established guidelines. For instance, the DMA will maintain the right to provide for sewering of the designated area if it can demonstrate that its treatment system will be harmed by a redesignation. If the DMA can show that it will suffer economic harm, or if it can demonstrate that system integrity would be compromised by the change, it must be given the opportunity to maintain primacy while meeting the water quality and wastewater treatment needs of the subject area. Demonstrations of economic harm need to show that established federal guidelines for wastewater treatment affordability would not be met if the application for change were allowed to proceed.

When the need arises to consider changes to DMA designations within an FPA or affected jurisdictions seek to challenge DMA decisions and/or designations, the following policies shall apply:

1) Lead responsibility for sewer planning will be maintained by the Designated Management Agency in each established Facility Planning Area in all cases of challenge when the DMA can demonstrate any of the following:

a) That the system affordability would be negatively impacted by the suggested change; or
b) That system efficiency, defined as the ability to meet its NPDES permit limitations, would be compromised by a suggested change; or
c) The change would result in a violation of a condition of a Section 201 Facilities Construction Grant received through the USEPA or a provision of a State Revolving Fund Loan administered by the Ohio EPA.

System efficiency and integrity concerns must be tied to reasonable expectations that a WWTP will be unable to maintain compliance with its discharge permit limits. USEPA or the Ohio EPA must certify those cases where 201 Facility Grant or State Revolving Fund Loan conditions preclude a requested change in FPA boundaries.

In cases where central sewers are needed to comply with an Ohio EPA order to resolve an existing water quality problem, the DMA's primacy standing would be dependent on its ability and willingness to proceed with the sewer extensions and capacity upgrades if necessary. If the DMA is not prepared or is not able to proceed in a timely manner, the applicant for change can request a redrawing of the FPA boundary.

2) Lead planning responsibility for limited areas can be transferred from the Primary DMA in an established FPA in cases of challenge when an applicant for change can demonstrate all of the following:

a) That none of the conditions established in 1 (a) – (c) above apply (the burden of proof shall remain upon the existing DMA);
b) That the existing DMA is unprepared or is unwilling to extend service to the challenged area, or that they have conditions that are unacceptable to the applicant jurisdiction;
c) That an alternative sewering plan exists that protects the environment, and that the alternative plan is technically achievable, economically justifiable, and politically acceptable;
d) That the alternative plan enhances the quality, sustainability and coordination of growth and development in the Region; and
e) That the proposed DMA has legal authority to act.

Transfers must be approved by Ohio EPA and incorporated by amendment to MVRPC's AWQMP. A DMA's lead planning status could be dependent on its ability and willingness to proceed with the sewer extensions (and capacity upgrades if necessary) to an area assigned to an established FPA that requests such extensions. If the existing DMA is not prepared or is not able to proceed in a timely manner, and the applicant for change meets the burden required in Policy G (2), above, the applicant for change may request a redrawing of the FPA boundary (pursuant to Policy C, above) and, if necessary, the establishment of a new DMA (pursuant to Policy H). This request would be considered with the intention of identifying viable wastewater alternatives. The applicant would be required to demonstrate that a technically achievable, economically affordable and politically acceptable alternative exists. This plan could take the form of a Primary-Satellite DMA agreement. If the proposed plan is consistent with all other aspects of the AWQMP, it can result in a change being made to the existing FPA definition in favor of the applicant.

Where no other acceptable solution can be found, a jurisdiction that is part of another jurisdiction's FPA can request the right to develop plans to direct their wastewater to an alternative treatment works. This could be another existing POTW or an entirely new facility if one can be constructed.

The applicant is expected to make every effort to arrive at a solution acceptable to all parties. However, upon request, MVRPC's ongoing Facility Planning process will provide for a meeting with all affected parties in an attempt to develop a consensus agreement. When consensus cannot be reached, the MVRPC Areawide Facility Planning Subcommittee and Technical Advisory Committee will hear all viewpoints, and offer input to a staff recommendation that will be considered by the MVRPC Board of Directors.

A Board action on requests to modify a DMA would constitute an update to the AWQMP as far as future consistency reviews are concerned in the challenged area. It is important to note that Ohio EPA cannot issue a permit for any action that is not consistent with the AWQMP. FPA boundary disputes must be resolved prior to the review for consistency of any project by the MVRPC Board.

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POLICY H: NOMINATION OF NEW DMAS

All entities that are not designated as a DMA must apply for such status before their permit application can be processed. To become a DMA designee, the applicant must have adequate legal authority under Ohio law to serve as a DMA. Applicants must clearly identify the geographical extent of its proposed facility planning area and the wastewater treatment options to be selected for the area within a wastewater master plan. It must also demonstrate that all affected local governments have been consulted in the development of the project. Evidence of support from all affected jurisdictions (municipalities in incorporated areas and county government in unincorporated areas) must be secured. Any FPA infringements must be resolved either with the approval of the affected DMA or by appeal to the MVRPC Board. The applicant may propose an area for designation as an FPA that is larger than the current or proposed project service area. This can be done where it makes sense for purposes of future sewer planning.

The AFPSC shall review such applications for new DMAs, and provide input to staff as to a resolution. Staff shall recommend action to the MVRPC Board of Directors, after an Ohio EPA technical review and consultation with the Technical Advisory Committee.

The AFPSC shall consider the following factors when reviewing an application for designation of a new DMA:

1) The proposal's effect upon attainment of water quality standards in any applicable receiving waters;
2) The proposal's effect upon any other DMA's Facility Plan as regards, for example, facility engineering or financing;
3) The proposal's compatibility with land use plans within and surrounding the FPA;
4) The degree of local support for the proposal; and
5) The degree to which the proposed change enhances the quality, sustainability, and coordination of growth and development planning in the Region.
6) The degree of preference for full utilization of existing facilities and sewers over expansion or other facilities and sewers.

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Section III. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SUPPORTING ACTIONS BY LOCAL JURISDICTIONS

In wastewater treatment planning it is important to recognize the priorities and input of local governments and agencies.

Recommendation A: The content and recommendations found in local and regional land use plans and comprehensive plans should be incorporated into the development of individual Wastewater Treatment Facility Plans and the AWQMP. As broader community plans are updated, it is recommended that wastewater master plans also be updated to reflect community priorities. The effectiveness of the AWQMP will be enhanced to the extent that it is consistent with these locally approved documents.

Recommendation B: Local jurisdictions should consider the use of the Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) approach or the Community Economic Development Agreement (CEDA) approach to address conflicting interests in the process of wastewater treatment infrastructure. Numerous cases exist in the Region where a municipality owns and operates a POTW whose FPA includes portions of surrounding townships. Some of these communities have a policy of extending sewer service only to areas that are annexed into the community. This is required because the municipalities have used their tax base to support the construction, operation, and maintenance of their sewer infrastructure and are attempting to ensure all beneficiaries pay a fair share of these costs. Annexation is the tool that they choose to use to accomplish this, but compulsory annexations in order to receive sanitary sewer service are often strongly contested.

Consideration of substitute measures such as a JEDD or a CEDA is encouraged to meet the needs of both the municipality in question and the neighboring township. A JEDD or CEDA can be established by neighboring communities and can allow an exchange of services and a sharing of tax revenues. In the scenario of a municipality attempting to recover capital costs, township residents in the area to be affected by the extension of sewer lines agree to be subject to a tax sharing agreement that would provide the municipality with the funds that they seek before extending the sewer lines. Where loss of business base is an issue, additional tax sharing may have to be negotiated. While not a solution for every case, consideration of the JEDD or CEDA approach is encouraged by MVRPC as a means of attaining the goals of the AWQMP.

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Guidelines for
Facility Planning Area (FPA) Update Proposals:
Content, Submittal & Review

Facility Planning Area Updates

I. As part of its NPDES permit process, the Ohio EPA is encouraging, and in some instances requiring, Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs) to update their Wastewater Treatment Master Plans (also known as 201 Facility Plans). Such updates may also be initiated by the Designated Management Agency itself in response to evolving local comprehensive planning or development conditions.

Changes to wastewater master plans may also entail changes to wastewater Facility Planning Areas (FPA). FPA boundary changes may also arise from simple annexations or ongoing community development independent of any change in the current master plan. Indeed, master plans may anticipate future development and annexations that will require future FPA boundary updates.

As the Designated Planning Agency responsible for their review and approval, MVRPC is requiring that - Facility Planning Area Update proposals shall include the following minimum elements listed below. Designated Management Agencies (DMA) seeking FPA updates should be able to point to sections of their current wastewater master plan to provide the information required below. In particular portions of a wastewater master plan likely provide adequate responses for elements C, D, E, and F.

As stated in the Facility Planning Policies (B and C), if the requested boundary change also involves a boundary conflict, the applicant and other affected parties are expected to make every effort to resolve the conflict **prior to** submitting for the boundary change. A Primary-Satellite DMA agreement may be considered as a possible solution.

A. Appropriate map(s) rendered as an ESRI GIS dataset (i.e., shapefile, or geodatabase) projected in Ohio State Plane South, Feet, NAD83. Maps must include the following elements:
   1) all existing wastewater treatment plants (including package plants) within the FPA;
   2) the current FPA boundary;
   3) all proposed FPA boundary changes;
   4) sub-area boundaries (where applicable) as described by the following table:

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Sub-area Category	Description
1	Areas currently served with sanitary sewers
2	Areas expected to be served with sanitary sewers connected to an existing POTW during the next twenty years
3	Areas expected to be served with sanitary sewers connected to a new POTW in the next twenty years
4	Areas expected to remain on individual on-lot systems or semi-public systems, and where local officials are oriented to maintaining an unsewered status for the foreseeable future
5	Areas currently unsewered where local officials are oriented to accepting sewers if feasible and if found to be consistent with the AWQMP
6	Areas for which no wastewater management options have been declared

6) appropriate water bodies, and watershed boundaries with HUC numbers; and
7) appropriate jurisdictional boundaries.

B. Twenty (20) year population projections for the existing FPA and any proposed FPA changes based on the most recent census data. Population projections developed by MVRPC are preferred. Alternatively, population projections developed by the requesting DMA may be used if accompanied by explanation of their development and justification for their use in lieu of the MVRPC projections.

C. Description of existing and proposed wastewater treatment options for the FPA including future options prescribed for the unsewered / undeveloped areas within the FPA, i.e., on-site septic systems, package plants. Treatment options shall be described for the following scenarios within the FPA, as appropriate.

1) Areas currently served with sanitary sewers;
2) Areas expected to be served with sanitary sewers connected to an existing POTW during the next twenty years;
3) Areas expected to be served with sanitary sewers connected to a new POTW in the next twenty years;
4) Areas expected to remain on individual on-lot systems or semi-public systems, and where local officials are oriented to maintaining an unsewered status for the foreseeable future;
5) Areas currently unsewered where local officials are oriented to accepting sewers if feasible and if found to be consistent with the WQMP; and
6) Areas for which no wastewater management options have been declared.

D. Description of plans to provide wastewater treatment to any proposed FPA additions and verification of capability to do so. This should include information on current plant flow, current plant capacities, and estimates of future flow and population projections (based on current census data) for any new area to be incorporated, as well as schedules for planned upgrades.

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E. Links to the current NPDES permit(s) for the treatment facility or table(s) showing current plant permit limits, existing plant capacities, and projected plant capacities.

F. Discussion of how the prescribed wastewater treatment options are or will be designed to ensure compliance with all discharge limits in the system's NPDES permit(s). If applicable, please also describe processes or programs to ensure proper operation and maintenance of on-site sewage treatment systems located inside the FPA boundary.

G. Discussion of how any proposed changes in the FPA boundaries and associated wastewater treatment options agree or conflict with the plans (zoning codes, comprehensive land use plans, watershed plans, etc.) of contiguous FPAs and potentially impacted jurisdictions.

H. Documentation of any public participation involved in updating the wastewater master plan and/or FPA along with endorsements from any other sewer districts, FPAs, and/or jurisdictions located within and/or adjacent to the Facility Planning Area. MVRPC recommends DMAs employ a public involvement strategy along the lines of the Public Participation rules detailed in 40 CFR Part 25.1 throughout the wastewater master plan and FPA update processes.

II. Submissions of proposed plan updates shall provide elaboration commensurate to the complexity of the proposal. Facility Planning Area Update proposals shall consist of
   A. A cover letter formally outlining the nature of the request and
   B. A summary document (maximum of 20 pages) containing the information required in Subsection A through G above (20 page maximum excludes the supporting documentation described in Subsection H above). The letter, summary and supporting documents, and maps must be submitted electronically for rapid distribution to the appropriate review committees. Hard copies may be requested by MVRPC, as needed.

III. The process for review and approval of Facility Planning Area Update proposals shall follow the following sequence:

   A. Proposals will be reviewed by MVRPC staff for completeness. MVRPC may request additional information as appropriate.
   B. MVRPC staff will submit the complete proposal for review and input to the MVRPC Areawide Facility Planning Subcommittee. Applicant will have the option of making a brief formal presentation on the proposal to the Subcommittee.
   C. Staff collects input on the proposal from the Areawide Facility Planning Subcommittee and includes the proposal on the next Water & Environment Subcommittee meeting. Applicant will have the option of making a formal presentation on the proposal.
   D. Staff forwards proposal and input to the MVRPC Technical Advisory Committee and/or the RTPO as appropriate for additional input. Applicant will have the option of making a formal presentation on the proposal.
   E. Staff summarizes all input and develops a recommendation.
   F. Staff presents proposal, input, and recommendation to MVRPC Board of Directors for action.
   G. Approved updates are included in future amendments and revisions to the MVRPC's Areawide Water Quality Management Plan, and subsequently forwarded to the Ohio EPA for State and Federal certification.

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IV. To facilitate timely review and action on Update proposals, the applicant should be aware of the general meeting schedule of each of the committees mentioned above. Depending on when in the schedule an FPA boundary change proposal is submitted, it may take from 2 to 4 months to go through the approval process, assuming no additional information is requested of the applicant. The following general meeting schedule is used:

Committee	**Meeting Schedule**
Areawide Facility Planning Subcommittee	As needed.
Water & Environment Subcommittee	Second Wednesdays of January, March, May, September, and November
RTPO (for updates specific to Preble, Darke and Shelby Counties)	Quarterly meetings in February, May, August and November
MVRPC Technical Advisory Committee	3rd Thursday of the month. (9:30 a.m.)
MVRPC Board of Directors	1st Thursday of each month. (9:00 a.m.)

Approved by the MVRPC Board of Directors
On [insert new date]

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RESOLUTION NUMBER 26-32
AMENDING THE AREAWIDE WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN TO UPDATE BOUNDARY FOR THE GREENVILLE FACILITY PLANNING AREA AND THE FACILITY PLANNING POLICIES AND GUIDELINES

WHEREAS, the Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission is the Designated Planning Agency (DPA) for Water Quality Management Planning within the Miami Valley Region pursuant to Section 208 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972 (P.L. 92-500) and 1977 (P.L. 95-217); and

WHEREAS, in fulfillment of its responsibilities as the DPA, MVRPC has prepared the 208 Areawide Water Quality Management Plan, and administers said Plan within its designated five-county water planning jurisdiction, including Greene, Montgomery, Miami, Preble, and Darke Counties, Ohio; and

WHEREAS, it is periodically necessary to amend said Plan to incorporate pertinent and appropriate modifications; and

WHEREAS, the following amendments, hereafter known as the 2026 AWQMP Amendment, and the FPA Policy Amendment have been proposed for the Areawide Water Quality Management Plan:

1. FPA Boundary modifications for the Greenville FPA
2. An update to the MVRPC Facility Planning Policies and Facility Planning Area Update Guidelines.

WHEREAS, the map for the Greenville Facility Planning Area has been proposed by the City of Greenville, reviewed by staff, RTPO, TAC and the Board of Directors, and was provided for public comment for a period of 30 days; and

WHEREAS, the proposed changes to the Facility Planning Policies were developed by the FPA working group, reviewed by staff, RTPO, TAC and the Board of Directors, and was provided for public comment for a period of 30 days.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Commission hereby adopts the above-referenced 2026 Amendment to the Areawide Water Quality Management Plan and recommends its certification by the State of Ohio.

BY ACTION OF THE Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission's Board of Directors.

Brian O. Martin, AICP
Executive Director

Robin I. Oda, Chairperson
Board of Directors of the
Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission

Rachael Vonderhaar,
Third Vice-Chairperson
Board of Directors of the Miami Valley
Regional Planning Commission

Date

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MEMORANDUM

To: RTPO Steering Committee

From: MVRPC Staff

Date: November 9, 2026

Subject: SFY 2026-SFY 2029 Regional Transportation Improvement Program Summary of Updates No. 5

Over the last few months ODOT and various local sponsors have made numerous modifications to the programming documents for projects in the Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP). The attached Summary Tables reflect the updated information for each project. An RTIP terminology explanation chart of key abbreviations used in the highway/bikeway tables is also provided to aid in interpreting the individual project information.

Attachments:

(1) Project Updates Summary No. 5 (Tables 4.2, 4.3, and 4.4)
(2) RTIP Abbreviation Table

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TABLE 4.2 - DARKE-PREBLE-SHELBY RTPO SFY2026-SFY 2029 RTIP INDIVIDUAL PROJECTS (HIGHWAY, BIKEWAY AND OTHER)

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE070-00.00 **ODOT PID #** 117139 **MVRPC #** 2561.3 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-8

DESCRIPTION: I-70 from the Indiana/Ohio state line to US 127-Preliminary engineering for the major rehabilitation of existing pavement, including adding a lane in each direction.

COMMENTS : Updated project limits and description to reflect changes in Ellis. Construction will be split out into additional PIDs.

TOTAL COST (000): $9,129 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
ENG	STATE	$48					
ENG	NHPP	$2,301					
ENG	STATE	$609					
ENG	NHPP		$143				
ENG	STATE		$1,083				
ENG	NHPP			$3,956			
ENG	STATE			$989			

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE070-00.00 Phase 1 **ODOT PID #** 124180 **MVRPC #** 1154.2 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: I-70 from the Indiana/Ohio state line to east of Orangeburg Road-Major rehabilitation of existing pavement, including adding a lane in each direction.

COMMENTS : New project.

TOTAL COST (000): $67,720 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	NHPP				$15,368		
CON	OTH				$41,700		
CON	STATE				$8,153		
CON	NHPP					$1,313	
CON	STATE					$188	
CON	NHPP						$875
CON	STATE						$125

Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission

TABLE 4.3 - DARKE-PREBLE-SHELBY RTPO SFY2026-SFY 2029 RTIP GROUPED PROJECTS (HIGHWAY, BIKEWAY AND OTHER)

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE070-08.72 - SLI-009 **ODOT PID #** 102786 **MVRPC #** 2006.5 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: Monroe Central Rd. over I-70-Rehabilitate bridge by replacing the concrete deck.

COMMENTS : Increased Federal and State construction funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $5,805 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
ENG	STATE	$166					
ENG	NHPP	$243					
ENG	STATE	$27					
ENG	NHPP	$34					
ENG	STATE	$4					
ENG	NHPP		$13				
ENG	STATE		$1				
CON	NHPP					$4,785	
CON	STATE					$532	

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: LOG/SHE - GR FY27 - SLI-013 **ODOT PID #** 113128 **MVRPC #** 3163.4 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: Various locations in Logan and Shelby Counties-Guardrail replacement and adjustment.

COMMENTS : Decreased State construction funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $462 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SAF RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
ENG	STATE	$54					
CON	STATE			$408			

TABLE 4.3 - DARKE-PREBLE-SHELBY RTPO SFY2026-SFY 2029 RTIP GROUPED PROJECTS (HIGHWAY, BIKEWAY AND OTHER)

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE726-08.62 - SLI-009 **ODOT PID #** 116568 **MVRPC #** 2717.5 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: SR 726 over Price Creek-Bridge replacement.

COMMENTS : Increased Federal and State PE funds in SFY2027 to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $3,373 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
ENG	BR	$337					
ENG	STATE	$84					
ENG	BR			$178			
ENG	STATE			$45			
CON	BR					$2,183	
CON	STATE					$546	

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE122-24.36 - SLI-009 **ODOT PID #** 119233 **MVRPC #** 2724.5 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: SR 122 over Elk Creek-Bridge replacement.

COMMENTS : Increased Federal R/W funds and decreased State R/W funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $4,608 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
ENG	BR	$332					
ENG	STATE	$83					
ENG	BR			$40			
ROW	BR			$36			
ENG	STATE			$136			
ROW	STATE			$9			
CON	BR						$3,177
CON	STATE						$794

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: SHE075-02.51 - SLI-009 **ODOT PID #** 121058 **MVRPC #** 2825.3 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: I-75 from Miami River Road to just south of Campbell Road-Resurfacing, full depth concrete repair, bridge deck patching and guardrail replacement.

COMMENTS : Added State PE funds, increased Federal construction funds and decreased State construction funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $4,142 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	NHPP			$3,658			
CON	STATE			$479			
ENG	STATE			$5			

TABLE 4.3 - DARKE-PREBLE-SHELBY RTPO SFY2026-SFY 2029 RTIP GROUPED PROJECTS (HIGHWAY, BIKEWAY AND OTHER)

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE - Bridge Maintenance FY29 - SLI-009 **ODOT PID #** 121426 **MVRPC #** 2946.5 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: Various locations in Preble County-Perform minor maintenance bridge repairs.

COMMENTS : Updated project name and description, construction delayed from SFY2028 to SFY2029 and decreased Federal and State construction funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $770 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	STATE					$154	
CON	STD					$616	

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE112-00.72 - SLI-004 **ODOT PID #** 123075 **MVRPC #** 2896.2 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** Eaton

DESCRIPTION: Maple Street in Eaton from Main Street to East High Street-Full depth reconstruction including curb, drainage, sidewalk and utility relocation.

COMMENTS : Increased Federal construction funds and decreased Local construction funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $2,941 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	LOCAL				$336		
CON	STD				$2,605		

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE - US40 NEVI RD3 - SLI-008 **ODOT PID #** 126322 **MVRPC #** 3169.8 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-8

DESCRIPTION: US 40 from the Indiana/Ohio state line to Old National Road-Install electric vehicle charging stations.

COMMENTS : Project cancelled.

TOTAL COST (000): $1,027 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** ED RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	LOCAL			$362			
ENG	LOCAL			$48			
CON	OTH			$544			
ENG	OTH			$73			

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: SHE - CR8 NEVI RD3 - SLI-008 **ODOT PID #** 126394 **MVRPC #** 3171.8 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: Fair Road from South Vandemark Road to I-75-Install electric vehicle charging stations.

COMMENTS : Increased Federal PE funds, decreased Local PE funds, increased Federal construction funds and decreased Local construction funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $1,458 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** ED RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	LOCAL			$527			
ENG	LOCAL			$70			
CON	OTH			$759			
ENG	OTH			$101			

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE - ODNR Woodland Trails Resurfacing - SLI-013 **ODOT PID #** 126686 **MVRPC #** 3172.3 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: Woodland Trails Wildlife Area-Resurfacing.

COMMENTS : Construction moved up to SFY2028 from SFY2029 and increased State construction funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $56 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	STATE				$56		

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: DAR - Wabash Twp. Sign Grant - SLI-012 **ODOT PID #** 126818 **MVRPC #** 3173.4 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: Wabash Township in Darke County-Safety sign grant to combat run off the road and intersection crashes.

COMMENTS : Increased Federal construction funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $15 **LET TYPE:** Non-let **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SAF RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	HSIP			$15			

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: SHE - Russia Road Bridge Replacement - SLI-013 **ODOT PID #** 126920 **MVRPC #** 1157.5 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** Shelby County

DESCRIPTION: Russia Road approximately 215' north of East Main Street in Russia-Bridge replacement.

COMMENTS : New project.

TOTAL COST (000): $510 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	LOCAL			$410			
CON	STATE			$100			

TABLE 4.3 - DARKE-PREBLE-SHELBY RTPO SFY2026-SFY 2029 RTIP GROUPED PROJECTS (HIGHWAY, BIKEWAY AND OTHER)

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: DAR - Tecumseh Trail Resurfacing Phase 2 - SLI-014 **ODOT PID #** 127121 **MVRPC #** 1107.7 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** Darke County

DESCRIPTION: Tecumseh Trail in Darke County from Spidel Road to Hartzell Road and from SR 571 to Willis Road-Resurfacing.

COMMENTS : New project.

TOTAL COST (000): $224 **LET TYPE:** Local-let **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
ENG	LOCAL				$5		
CON	LOCAL					$45	
CON	RSTP					$175	

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE726-04.28 - SLI-013 **ODOT PID #** 127255 **MVRPC #** 1188.5 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** ODOT District-7

DESCRIPTION: SR 726 at I-70-Repair bridge damage from vehicle strike.

COMMENTS : New project.

TOTAL COST (000): $330 **LET TYPE:** Traditional **A.Q. :** Exempt **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	STATE			$330			

Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission

TABLE 4.4 - DARKE-PREBLE-SHELBY RTPO SFY2026-SFY 2029 RTIP GROUPED PROJECTS (TRANSIT)

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: PRE - Preble County Council on Aging Flex Vehicle **ODOT PID #** 121143F **MVRPC #** 3164.8 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** PCCA

DESCRIPTION: Preble County Council on Aging-Flex vehicle.

COMMENTS : Decreased Federal and Local funds to reflect changes in Ellis.

TOTAL COST (000): $129 **LET TYPE:** Non-let **A.Q. :** **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	LOCAL			$26			
CON	STD			$103			

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: SHE - Shelby Public Transit Vehicle Purchase **ODOT PID #** 121144B **MVRPC #** 2999.8 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** Shelby County

DESCRIPTION: Shelby Public Transit-Vehicle.

COMMENTS : New project.

TOTAL COST (000): $71 **LET TYPE:** Non-let **A.Q. :** **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	f-5339			$22			
CON	LOCAL			$50			

COUNTY, ROUTE, SECTION: SHE - Catholic Social Services Operating Assistance **ODOT PID #** 123879A **MVRPC #** 3141.8 **PROJECT SPONSOR:** Catholic Social Serv

DESCRIPTION: Catholic Social Services-Operating assistance.

COMMENTS : New project.

TOTAL COST (000): $60 **LET TYPE:** Non-let **A.Q. :** **RTP GOAL:** SP RTIP

PHASE	FUND	PRIOR	SFY2026	SFY2027	SFY2028	SFY2029	Future
CON	STATE			$60			

EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE RTIP PROJECT LISTS

PID

ODOT "Project Identification Number"

Project I.D.

First Three Characters
000 = Unique Project Number
Decimal Character = Subtype (as described below)
.1 = New Construction
.2 = Reconstruction
.3 = Resurface
.4 = Safety Improvement
.5 = Bridge Replacement/Rehabilitation
.6 = Signal Improvement
.7 = Bikeway/Pedestrian Improvement
.8 = Other Improvements

Air Quality Status

All projects in the RTPO are exempt.

Phase of Work

ENG	Environmental and Contract Plan Preparation
ROW	Right-of-Way Acquisition
CON	Construction
SPR	Federal State Planning and Research
DBT	Debt Service

RTP Goal

SAF	Enhance safety in the transportation network
SP	Preserve the regional transportation system in a state of good repair
MOB	Increase the number and quality of transportation mobility options available for all to use
ED	Improve the capacity for economic development in the Region (ex: improve access to employment hubs)
QLF	Raise quality of life for citizens by connecting local communities
ST	Embody stewardship principles by addressing transportation matters in a manner consistent with environmental planning principles

FUND CODES, DESCRIPTION AND TYPICAL FUNDING SPLIT

Federal Allocation of ODOT or County Engineer Association Controlled Funds		Typical Fed./Local Share
BR	Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation	80/20
EAR	Federal Earmark, Specific Source Undetermined at this Time	Varies
f-5310	Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	80/20
f-5311	Grants for Rural Areas	80/20
f-5337	State of Good Repair Program	80/20
f-5339	Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Program	80/20
HSIP	Highway Safety Improvement Program	90/10
NHPP	National Highway Performance Program	80/20
OTH	Other	Varies
SCR	State Carbon Reduction	80/20
SPR	Federal State Planning and Research	80/20
SRTS	Safe Routes to School	100
STA	Surface Transportation Program (ODOT Transportation Alternatives Set-aside)	80/20
STD	Surface Transportation Program (ODOT Allocation)	80/20
TRAC	Transportation Review Advisory Council	Varies

Federal Allocation of MVRPC Funds		Fed./Local Share
RSTP	Regional Surface Transportation Program	Varies

Other Funding Sources		Other/Local Share
CDBG	Community Development Block Grant	Varies
LOCAL	Local Funds	0/100
ODOD	Ohio Department of Development	Varies
OPWC	Issue 2/LTIP	80/20
STATE	ODOT State Funds	0/100

ELLIS	ODOT's Project Monitoring Database
SLI	Statewide Line Item
TELUS	MVRPC's Project Monitoring Database

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S UPDATE

From Brian O. Martin, AICP

mvrpc.org

MIAMI VALLEY
Regional Planning Commission
Shaping Our Region's Future Together

November 2026

2026 Tour de Gem Bike Ride Held in Greene County

Although it was a cool and cloudy morning due to threatening Hurricane Isaias, Team MVRPC and the Region turned out for the 2026 Americana 250 Cycling Classic at the Greene County Fairgrounds on Sunday, October 11. This was the latest in the Tour de Gem series rides supporting the work of United Way of Greater Dayton and the many organizations providing invaluable services to people in our region.





MVRPC's Participating Staff in the Tour de Gem Event

MVRPC was a sponsor of this year's event and we used the opportunity to share information about the Miami Valley Trails and GOhio Commute with riders and other sponsors as well as ride the 10mile route. Mayors from many Greene County municipalities were also participants in the event including Mayor Kirkpatrick of Fairborn, Mayor Reynolds of Xenia, Mayor Adams of Beavercreek, Mayor Cody of Cedarville, and Mayor Bradley of Jamestown. State Representative Brian Lampton also attended the event.

When there is an opportunity to work with partners and support our neighbors and communities, MVRPC staff always show up regardless of the conditions. Supporting the Tour de Gem series has been a great partnership and the residents and officials are always pleased to see MVRPC out in the community. It was a well attended event despite the potential effects from hurricane Isaias.

The Team completed the fun 10-mile route in just over an hour with stops at the Greene County Historical Society and at Xenia Station – a major hub of the Miami Valley Trails. At the stops, the team enjoyed snacks and the opportunity to learn about Greene County history. Did you know the clock atop Greene County's historic courthouse was hand-wound on a daily basis until 1943?

Congratulations to Team MVRPC for their participation, and to United Way for holding a successful Tour de Gem event!

Spending Time to Thank Federal Judge Walter Rice for his Service to MVRPC and Ohio

Over the last decade, Judge Rice was pivotal in advising the ideation and creation of the Institute for Livable & Equitable Communities at MVRPC. He has continued to contribute as an inaugural committee member of the Regional Equity Initiative. MVRPC is deeply grateful for Judge Rice's visionary leadership and enduring dedication to fostering a regional community where everyone matters. We are grateful for the opportunities presented to get to know him in working on strategies that ensure equity and fairness for everyone in our Miami Valley. His exceptional and exemplary service to both MVRPC and the Miami Valley Region has been outstanding. We look forward to continuing to work with Judge Rice as he indicated that he would like to continue his service on the Regional Equity Initiative committee. He visited us for the certificate presentation on October 14th.



Dayton Region Showcased as the "Gem" of the 2026 OKI Regional Planning Conference

The 2026 Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana (OKI26) Regional Planning Conference was hosted at the newly renovated Dayton Convention Center during September 30 and October 2.



With over 450 attendees from all three states and beyond, the conference provided extensive educational and networking programs under the "Healthy Planners for Healthy Places" theme. In addition, the conference offered great opportunities for the attendees to explore the Gem City and showcase many of our unique assets, history, and tradition. Exploration activities included walking tours of downtown and in neighborhoods, a visit to the WPAFB and Wolf Creek bike trail, and an evening reception in the Arcade's Rotunda with Funk music to highlight Dayton's title as "Funk Capital of the World."



MVRPC was heavily involved behind the scenes for this conference. MVRPC was a proud sponsor of the conference and many staff volunteered their time in both the planning committees and during the conference. Staff helped at every corner ensuring smooth operation, setting up for the conference, welcoming the attendees at the registration table, and staffing the reception.

MVRPC and area planners expanded their knowledge base by attending a diverse selection of sessions during the conference. Topics ranged from legislation in the Ohio statehouse, improving public participation, data center considerations, ethical challenges of Artificial Intelligence, age-friendly planning, and much more.



Further, Martin Kim, Director of Community and Regional Planning and Milo Simpson, Planner II, hosted an educational session titled “Planning for Health: Where do we stand?” This session engaged the attendees in the discussion of how to advance planning efforts to achieve healthy communities and shared insights from the agency’s Local Plan Health Assessment and Healthy Communities Needs Assessment conducted as part of its PLAN4Health - Miami Valley Initiative.

The Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana (OKI) Regional Planning conference is held every other year and is sponsored by the Ohio, Kentucky, and Indiana State Chapters of the American Planning Association.

Grants & Funding Resources

On a monthly basis MVRPC highlights funding opportunities for member villages, cities, counties, and townships on our website. We include a description, contact information and program links. We have listed other valuable resources for funding opportunities for all member jurisdictions and organizations on our Grant and Funding Opportunities page.

This month we are featuring information on: .

- Dayton Foundation Greenlight Grants– Deadline: December 1, 2026
- Violent Crime Reduction Grant Program– Deadline: January 7, 2027

If you have any questions, please contact Kathryn Youra Polk at kyourapolk@mvrpc.org or 937.223.6323.

MVRPC Meeting Calendar

Please check the November agency calendar on mvrpc.org or contact Laura Dent at ldent@mvrpc.org for the status of your meeting.

Date	Time	Meeting
11/05/2026	8:30 a.m.	CANCELED: Executive Committee
11/05/2026	9:00 a.m.	Board of Directors
11/05/2026	5:00 p.m.	Virtual Public Participation Meeting to Review Transportation Projects being Considered for Funding for MVRPC's Sub-allocated Federal Funds
11/10/2026	9:30 a.m.	Water & Environment Subcommittee Meeting
11/12/2026	8:00 a.m.	Building Interactive Reporting Web Apps Using ArcGIS Pro and ArcGIS Online
11/18/2026	10:00 a.m.	CANCELED: Miami Valley Age-Friendly Network Meeting
11/18/2026	2:00 p.m.	RTPO Steering Committee Meeting
11/19/2026	9:30 a.m.	TAC Meeting
11/26/2026	8:00 a.m.	Thanksgiving Day- The MVRPC Office is Closed
11/27/2026	8:00 a.m.	The MVRPC Office is Closed
12/02/2026	2:30 p.m.	RESCHEDULED: Regional Equity Initiative Meeting